Staunton Vindicator.

VOL. XVIII. STAUNTON, VA., FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1863. NO. 17.

The Vindicator.

W. S. H. COLE, Editor & Proprietor.

TERMS

The "VINDICATOR" is published weekly, at Three Dollars a year; Two Dollars for six months; and Dollar and Twenty-Five Cents for three months, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

Subscribers, therefore, can commence at any time.

Advertisements, Job Work, Cash Accompanies. Larger advertisements in the same ratio.

☞ Notes the number of insertions be marked upon the manuscript, they will be inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

☞ A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

☞ Letters to editors will be limited to their business, or they will be charged accordingly.

☞ Transient advertisements payable in advance, unless will be considered due when called for.

Transient rates.

One Square, (18 lines)	1 year	$18 00
" "	6 months	12 00
" "	3 "	8 00
Two Squares	1 year	27 00
" "	6 months	19 00
" "	3 "	12 00
Three Squares	1 year	35 00
" "	6 months	25 00
" "	3 "	15 00

☞ Advertising for a less time than three months, will be charged for at the usual rates.

☞ Professional Cards not exceeding seven lines, $10 per annum.

☞ Announcements of Candidates $5; to be paid in advance.

☞ Business notices or Notices of a personal or private character, or intended or calculated to promote any private enterprise or interest, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line.

☞ Obituaries will be charged for at the rate of Ten Cents per line. They must in all cases be accompanied by the money.

☞ Office in Beverly Street, two doors East of the Presbyterian Church.

JOB PRINTING.

☞ We are prepared to execute, with neatness and dispatch, JOB WORK, such as

PAMPHLETS,
BLANKS,
POSTERS,
CHECKS,
CARDS,
LABELS,
BILL-HEADS,
&c., &c.

☞ Terms CASH for all Job Work, on delivery.

April 17, 1863.

Advertising Agency!

The undersigned offers his services to persons desiring to advertise in any of the papers in the Southern Confederacy. Persons in the Country desiring to sell Real Estate or other PROPERTY, would do well to avail themselves of this agency. I will also forward subscriptions to the SOUTHERN FIELD & FIRESIDE and other papers.

WILLIAM H. HARRIS,
Foreign "Vindicator" Office.

April 10, 1863.

List of Deserters from the 52nd Regiment of Va. Volunteers.

THE following named persons, members of the 52nd Regiment of Volunteers, are now absent without leave. A liberal reward of $30 each will be paid for their apprehension and delivery to their regiment, wherever found.

HEADQUARTERS—Private, Jacob Aulz (Brockville), Wm Kinsey, Southern (Hebron), Wm Kinsey, Jr (Hebron), Jas Kinsey, Southern (Hebron), Jas Kinsey, Jr (Hebron), Jas Kinsey, Jr (Hebron), Jas Kinsey, Jr

W. H. H. LEWIS, Editor and Publisher.

Staunton, Va.

Friday Morning, May 1, 1863.

Notice to our Subscribers.

Many of our subscribers have generously responded to our request to bring forward their old and delinquent accounts, and now subscription. To those who are backward we give notice that they must comply with our terms. The subscriptions can be sent by mail at our risk and the receipt will be returned in the next paper after the receipt of the money. We have issued the paper for near three months without appealing to our friends, and hope that they will now see the necessity of promptly responding as we have no other cash for everything connected with the office.

May 1st 1863.

THE SITUATION. &c

Great events have probably occurred within the past week. We have much RELIABLE NEWS from our armies, but yet we are, as we certainly were intended to be, so far from having certain information from either Johnston's or Lee's companies, that we could not, if we would, publish intelligence of their movements which by possibility could be damaging to them were it known to all Lincolndom.

Notwithstanding the very highly commendable reticence of our Generals, incidents, facts and results will become known and from them will the theories or just conclusions, just as they may happen to become the subject of speculation by the discerning public, will be drawn. For ourselves, placing little confidence in and drawing no conclusions from, the extravaganza with which the news reporters and telegraph operators have treated the NEWS HUNTERS during the past ten days, we have no doubt that at Vicksburg and Port Hudson our gallant little bands have singularly illustrated the power of our arms, in the off repeated repulse and defeat of the huge armies sent to crush and annihilate them.

Trusting in God, the justice of our cause and the clearhead and mighty will of Joe Johnston, we not only hope for, but expect, shortly to hear of FACTS and RESULTS from the West, which will justify the least sanguine amongst us in jubilant exultation. We confidently believe that Gen. Johnston is now in a position to force Grant to battle even if this cannot be done by him with the comparatively small army under his command, the season (God be thanked for the season!) when the Northern vandal must seek a more congenial clime, is at hand. Grant oft-times repulsed at Vicksburg—Banks, with his Yankee crew and negro scoundrels, whipped and driven back from Port Hudson—Joe Johnston prepared to strike a deadly blow in the rear—gallant Kirby Smith ready to pounce upon them from one flank, and Bragg with his incomparable army holding Rosecrans in readiness for the combination of almost hopeless "fear and trembling" on the other, we may safely trust and believe that long there will be GOOD NEWS from the West.

Here, upon the sacred soil of our own loved old commonwealth, as we write we do not doubt, the issue big with results, has been or is being prepared for or being joined. The enemy, commanded by the man who combined all the genius of the Father, with the dash of the Napoleonic—Lee the accomplished! Lee who throughout the world, is justly regarded as the man who has marked by his genius and strategical power the age in which we live, leads an army, composed of the best blood, the best muscle, the best nerve, the best pluck of the chivalry of our "Sunny South." An army always victorious, under the immediate leadership of such men as Longstreet, Ewell, A. P. Hill, Jeb Stuart, Edward Johnston, and Rodes, we cannot, we do not doubt the result.

Hooker will again be beaten—this time we have every reason to believe WHEN BEATEN, he will be pursued and the material results will for the second time (Jackson did have a strategical result at Harper's Ferry) be significant and glorious. The fighting is said to have begun in Culpeper, it may be that Manassas will be made thrice illustrious.

MR. NEILL AT WORK.

Lieut. McNeill, son of the gallant Captain John Hanson McNeill, reached here night before last with a guard, en route for Richmond, in charge of some twenty Yankee prisoners principally foodgivers of course. Capt. McNeill with sixty-five men attacked a train of the company within six miles of Winchester on Sunday and finally managed the wagons with axes, brought off twenty-three horses, (very valuable,) and the prisoners. In this fight he lost no men killed or wounded. Yankees lost two killed, and two badly wounded. Four of the horses captured were of Gen. Milroy's staff wagon full valued at $1000 a piece. It is the finest piece of adventure of the war, raging in Winchester both among the citizens and soldiers.

THE TOWN COUNCIL.

This body convened on Saturday night last, and again on Tuesday night. Very little of interest transpired except the passage of a Tax bill, very much the same as that of last year, the recognizing of the Ordinance levying a small police and multiform tax, the Mayor to purchase $3,000 of seven per cent Confederate Bonds out of the money now lying in the Valley Bank to the credit of the Corporation. The subject of Police and appointment of a Commissioner of Streets were later in the night and will be acted upon at the next regular meeting.

[illegible] Gen. Stuart from some of our gallant officers or soldiers. We know from very portions of the Confederacy great gallantry, and glorious men have arisen to meet the emergency, but we may be pardoned for singling out SOME of our own noble Virginians who have recently received the thanks of their country, and have proved and faithful servants! Ewell, A. P. Hill and Ed. Johnson! These men have arisen in the emergency, and in each case the effort be [illegible] and in two of them modest, accomplished, gallant and intrepid officers, thus unexpectedly Virginia Gentlemen.

Ewell! Where in the Southern [illegible] who does not know that his standard can never be trailed? That with his corps he will ever be found moving with rapid rapidity, to the front, [illegible] the most experienced, 2.40 Yankee General has yet succeeded in "flanking his heels."

A. P. Hill! In whom is the same amenity of manner, coolness in council, daring of execution and dashing gallantry combined?

Ed. Johnson! "Old Blucher"—the man who flourished the "fence rail" at Alleghany—quietly but successfully took the place of Garnett, and Lee in Western Virginia—broke with "back" of the Wily Scotchman McDowell. Ed. Johnson! "The worthy successor of Jackson, in the command of the "Old Stonewall" division.

Virginia is all her wealth, may well be proud of three such sons.

FROM THE RAPPAHANNOCK.

There has been an engagement between the cavalry of Gen. Lee's army and the enemy in which our forces are reported as having been surprised and losing some prisoners. This slight advantage at first secured by the enemy was lost by their being driven back with a loss of killed wounded and prisoners. In this engagement we learn that Col. A. W. Harman of the 12th Va. Cavalry was slightly wounded in the neck, and that Lieutenant Randolph and Marshall of the same Regiment were mortally wounded. The enemy has perhaps taken a few more prisoners than we did, yet we conclude proof of our having been successful we append the dispatch of Gen. Lee.

CULPEPER, June 9, 1863.

To General S. Cooper:

The enemy crossed the Rappahannock this morning at 3 o'clock, A. M., at the various fords from Beverly to Kelley's with infantry and artillery. After a severe contest, at 9, P. M., General Stuart drove them across the river.

R. E. LEE

CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION.

We merely stated in our last issue the result of the Congressional Election in this with other Districts not giving the votes of this county, but reserving that to be given in a tabular form for easy reference, which we now present. We have no other counties of the district and from the Army should be received, which we give below:

	BALDWIN.	LETCHER
Augusta,	1552	102
Rockingham,	676	529
Rockbridge,	391	455
Highland,	149	87
Bath,	22 maj.	for Baldwin
Alleghany,	87	109
Pendleton, majority for Letcher,		100
Pocahontas,	68	129
Scott Va. Regt.	133	111
52d Va. Regt.	158	107
10th Va. Regt.	129	122
10th Va. Regt.	48	48
Jones' Battalion,	17	31
Imboden's Brig.	31	73
Camp Dublin Dpt.	00	9
Total,	3019	2048
	2048	

971 Baldwin's Majority.

THE CIRCUIT COURT.

This Court commenced its session on the 3rd inst., and has been engaged in the trial of criminal cases and the entry of orders in such chancery causes as have been submitted by consent of parties. Several persons were convicted of felony—all but one (Miller) sentenced to the Penitentiary. In the case of the Commonwealth vs. Kinsley, for attempting to burn the County jail, the jury were unable to agree and were discharged.

The Grand jury as understand, are still in session having made over 100 presentments principally for selling liquor.

We are happy to learn that Gen. Trimble has so far recovered his health as to be restored to duty again. His office is Harrisonburg, where he will publish to-day, shows that he has been ordered to the command of the Valley Department, and that his thoughts are set upon work! As one of Jackson's officers in his glorious Valley campaign, Gen. Trimble has already distinguished himself on the field of his present duty. We trust he may be as successful in the separate command as the chief whose laurels he thus so nobly contributed to protect.—*Sentinel.*

We publish in this issue the Richmond Markets as reported for us by Minor and Burke, who will continue to furnish the state of the market to us weekly. They are admirably situated, estimated for the commission business, to which they engaged and it would be well for those who desire accurate information from Richmond, to apply to our friends Minor and Burke, whose card see in another column.

We are pleased to learn that our old friend E. T. Saunders Esq. has been elected to represent the county of Pendleton in the next Legislature. From his well known character for industry and energy we have no doubt will make an excellent representative.

[illegible] Gen. Stuart stated that the Federal loss at Brandy Station, and after four days hard fighting, Pleasonton retired from the field, leaving the victory with the Confederates.

On the last day Gardner flipped out a regiment of mounted infantry, who came charging through the Federal lines, shooting and cutting and slashing and generally raising Cain in general.

The enemy subsequently landed and burned the town and several country residences.

[SECOND DISPATCH]

PAGANSVILLE, June 2.—I learn from passengers who arrived to-day that there has been a great battle at Port Hudson.

Gen. Sherman is wounded, and in a critical condition. Gen Neil Dow badly wounded. Gen Nicholas, Arrill and Payne killed, and between twenty and forty Colonels and Majors killed.

One negro regiment of nine hundred lost seven hundred.

The negroes and men whose time was near out, were put in front.

The Federals report that the black flag was raised on the negroes and taken on them.

The loss officers was so great, that orders have been issued for all officers on detached duty to report immediately for duty at Port Hudson.

The military courts have adjourned until July.

It is reported in the city that the men refused to make another assault, and that a Confederate success has been gained in the Teche county.

Every available man is being sent from the city.

Passengers from New Orleans confirm the news of the Yankee defeat at Port Hudson. Three steamboats loaded with wounded Yankees, arrived at New Orleans Saturday. Gen. Sherman had his leg amputated, and died.

The steamer Brown and several schooners are expected to-day, loaded with sick.

[THIRD DISPATH]

JACKSON, June 3.—It is painfully dull here to-day. There is not even a rumor from the front.

The news of the battle at Port Hudson is confirmed by the latest accounts. A courier, however, from that place is momentarily expected with more definite accounts.

All the sick have been ordered from this city.

[FOURTH DISPATCH]

Port Hudson at last accounts was closely besieged. The news from that quarter is confirming. [illegible] Enemy's several times. It is believed that the accounts heretofore reported of the affair are "exaggerated."

The Yanks have had a big scare. They have left Baton Rouge, New Orleans and Jackson [illegible] the Mendean Bridge, destroying [illegible] operations they had received. [illegible] guns in the Pass. Kirby Smith [illegible]

[illegible] Jackson, June 3.—It is reported that Grierson's cavalry was captured at Wood ville by our forces.

FROM VICKSBURG.

MOBILE, June 4.—Pemberton, in consequence of his badly repulsed army at south of Grant Johnston, with forty thousand men, has moved on the enemy. A great battle must decide the question in a few days, unless Grant takes to his heels. Banks is badly whipped at Port Hudson. The prospect to me is very hopeful

JOHN FORSYTH.

GEN. JOHNSTON REPORTED ADVANCING.

MOBILE, June 4. Gen Johnston command in Central Mississippi, is at Vicksburg, via Yazoo on the 30th May. His army is in splendid condition and spirits buoyant.

From Vicksburg

CHEERING ACCOUNTS OF THE SITUATION.

JACKSON, June 6, via Mobile June 9.—One Yankee gunboat has left the fleet river coming to the low water.

Pemberton sent word to Johnston that he could hold Vicksburg and that Johnston must be ready to take the offensive and drive his foe.

[2d DISPATCH]

JACKSON, June 6.—A scout just in from Vicksburg, reports that all is working well. The wounded are being carried from the trenches, exposed to the sun, but are in good spirits. They hailed his arrival with cheers for Joe Johnston and they say he will make all right.

Grant is slowly advancing by building parapets and approaches for protection against our sharpshooters.

There has been no general assault for ten days past.

There is plenty of provisions in the town, and the soldiers and citizens are perfectly confident of the result.

Our loss in the series of assaults did not exceed 800.

There was every thing of musketry and artillery all day yesterday.

Artillery firing has been heard today.

GENERAL PAUSEKTON TO THE ARMY

The *Mississippian*, of Saturday morning, publishes a speech made by Gen Pemberton after repulses of the enemy. It as follows:

You have heard that I was a traitor and a traitor, and that it was my intention to sell Vicksburg. Follow me, and you will see the cost of which I sell Vicksburg. When the last pound of beef, bacon, and flour; the last grain of corn, the last cow, and hog, and horse, and dog and mule have been consumed, and the last man shall have perished in the trenches, then, and only then, will I sell Vicksburg.

It is said that the treachery, failure and slaughter of the Yankees at Vicksburg on 29th May was due to a stratagem of Gen. Pemberton, who made a feint of evacuating part of his works, when the enemy rushed in, and then the slaughter from artillery flanked so as to take them within a raking fire.—*Dispatch.*

Mr. McKeesie, of Alexandria, Va., has been defeated for the Yankee Congress by Riches. Segar is re-elected

Hon. James B. Clay, of Ky., is in Montreal, Canada.

[illegible] Fla., on the 27th ult., [illegible] most disastrous results, sixteen persons being killed and the vessel upset, the ship lying at anchor at the time, with [illegible] pounds of steam on. A source [illegible] of the Columbus (Ga.) *Sun* says:

A few moment prior to the accident the engineers on the regular boat (Messrs. Hodges and Bonnell) [illegible] to go to shore for a [illegible] for the smoke, pump water, [illegible] and Mr Fogle left his [illegible] to look after matters. The disaster happened so quickly after the cold water entered the boiler.

The magazines of the ship were within three feet of the boiler and the shell room as near. As soon as the explosion occurred a panic commenced. Both pilots left the wheel, fearing the explosion of the magazine and shell rooms. At this point, the gunner, Mr. John M Lovett in the absence of the 1st Lieutenant, took charge and displayed great energy and courage in saving the ship.

The pilots, however, soon returned to their duties. It is to be hoped that he will receive the proper reward for his conduct.

The ship was found to be filling when the dead and wounded turned ashore were hauled, together with the personal effects of the crew and officers. Thomas Milly seaman, discovered a leak and [illegible] to open the magazine scuttles and passed down water to drown the powder, when it was believed that fire was within a short distance.

It was raining and blowing very hard, and the bank was very muddy upon which the wounded were landed. Here the picture was horrible. The poor fellows lay writhing and groaning in the mud for some time before they could be got to a cotton gin near by. Assistant Surg. on Marcellus Ford, although scalded, remained and continued to render aid during the time he was exposed to the storm. Our country can boast of but few better men than Dr. Ford.

The shell was included in near the shore, and has sunk to her deck, settling down on the bottom. The powder and shell were a total loss.

The guns have been loaded and the 9 inch and rifle are already in position at a strong point, the Mississippi river top of the vessel, and the brave men is much to be deplored, yet with the guns above, manned by the splendidly drilled crew of the late Chattahoochie, the river is much safer than ever before.

Mississippian Mallory is the same gallant little fellow who pushed his way first aboard the U. S. frigate Congress, at Hampton Roads, after she had struck her colors to the Virginia.

Those killed by the explosion were: Midshipman Mallory, Henry Ferguson, of Key West, Flagler; Euclid P. Hodges, of Marianna; Frederick W. Arnemis, Richmond, Va.; Eugene Henderson, Fortescue's battery; Thos. Gorder, Ala.; W. B. Bishop, pilot, Columbus; Ed. Thomas, H. Berry, Quartermaster, Tampa; Fla; four landsmen two firemen, one coal heaver and one seaman.

German Indignation Meeting—Elegant Army Corps.

Under the [illegible] New York [illegible] Germans on the [illegible] Chancellorsville. The [illegible] 104 [illegible] Sixty-seven of [illegible] to blame; that the 11th Corps was mostly of native troops &c. Mr. Wessenbonck, in his speech, very clearly showed that the Eleventh corps was the worst of an [illegible] and most perilous position on the extreme left of Hooker's line, and when assailed, was attacked simultaneously from three sides at once by an overwhelming force; that it must certainly outnumbered in ground, so long as it was either practicable or reasonable to do so. At the time of the attack the Eleventh corps was in a fairly and close column of regiments, commanding front, Meanwhile the corps was much more largely composed of other than Germans, and the other Eleventh corps was not so easily routed from its position in solid array.

The moment they could extricate themselves from the general melee. Hooker, in this fine plans for the surprise of the rebel army at Fredericksburg, had not counted on Jackson. He had looked for the attack from a totally different quarter, and when it came was utterly unprepared to meet it. Hooker was struck by an army fly-wheelbroad and beyond. To cover up this wretched failure a scapegoat must be found, and how only right of fairness, still so vigorous, found that scapegoat in the German corps [Applause.] But it is mistaken if it supposes that the Germans will tamely submit to such an imputation. [Renewed applause.

Banks Repulsed at Port Hudson.

The accounts from New Orleans leave no room to doubt that Bank's repulse at Port Hudson was severe and disheartening. The divisions which did the fighting were Sherman's and Grover's. The Northern papers claim that the rebels were driven into their entrenchments after nine hours fighting. The steamer Natchez arrived at Mobile last Monday from New Orleans with 280 paroled prisoners. By this arrival, the Mobile papers have received some intelligence from reliable sources which the New Orleans papers are not allowed to publish. The Federal loss was 3 000. Among the wounded were Gen' Stafford shot through both legs; Gens Sherman, Neal Dow, (of Maine fame) Nickerson, Weitzel, and Chapin, and Nickerson. The Gens Chapin and Nickerson, are reported mortally wounded. Gen Sherman has since arrived in that city. The fight was under his direction, Banks not having arrived with the main body. This is the second thrashing. The stampede of the Federals was fed off by the 15th Connecticut and 26th New Hampshire. This fight is assigned by the New Orleans papers to have taken place on the 27th, but it is doubtless the battle of the 28th, which the Northern papers are claiming.

[illegible] Gen. Banks was on board a steamer [illegible] Port Hudson [illegible] Saturday morning about 5 o'clock and left the New Orleans [illegible] Tuesday morning. We [illegible] paragraph from the *Delta, Richmond Dispatch.*

A Terrible Calamity.

We regret to learn that the Powder Mill, located about 14 miles from Charlotte N. C., on the Catawba River, was blown up on Saturday morning about 5 o'clock and five of the operatives were killed.

It is impossible to account for the accident. The mill house is entirely destroyed, but the principal portion of the machinery is unhurt.

[illegible] to day's arrival from Richmond, we learn that Mr. Moore, the British Consular agent, [illegible] Mr. Moore's copy of which we present below. It will be seen that the ground of action is social, and refers to the official misconduct of Mr. Moore personally. It seems that the Government thinks it necessary to call upon him to exhibit his authority. This he declined to do, and acted in contempt of the notification. Hence the dismissal.—*Sentinel.*

CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,

Richmond, 5th June, 1863.

SIR: The President of the Confederate States has been informed that, in consequence of your assuming to act in behalf of the Government of Her Britannic Majesty in matters appertaining to the office of Minister Plenipotentiary, you have neglected to submit to this Department your consular commission, as well as any other authority held by you, to act on behalf of Her Majesty's Government. No further correspondence could be held with you as British Consul for the port of Savannah. He is further been informed that you have not complied with the request of the Department to exhibit your authority of this Government, and you have lately corresponded as Her Majesty's Consul for this port with the Secretary of War of the Confederate States. The President considers it is inconsistent with the respect which it is his office to enforce towards this Government, that you should any longer be permitted to exercise the functions of a privilege of a Consul in these Confederate States. He has consequently thought proper, by the letters patent of which I enclose you a copy, to revoke the exequatur heretofore granted to you, and to publish these letters patent.

I have the honor to be, &c.

Your ob't serv't,

(Signed) J. P. BENJAMIN,

Secretary of State.

Geo Moore, Esq., Her Britannic Majesty's Consul, Richmond, Va.

MAGRUDER'S BRILLIANT EXPLOIT.

The following is reliable in reference to Major Magruder's latest exploit.

On Sunday last, he captured and effectually destroyed a train on the O. & A. R. R., consisting of an engine and twelve cars, heavily laden with commissary stores. On this occasion, he encountered five regiments of the enemy's cavalry in a narrow lane in column of fours, which he repulsed with great slaughter, using canister from his mountain howitzer at eighty yards, and charging with his cavalry. He killed and wounded the enemy's dodged killed, and a large number wounded; his loss three missing, one supposed to be mortally wounded. Still retreating, he came upon the enemy's rear at a fork, the enemy charged him and succeeded in capturing the guns, after the last round of ammunition had been fired, he carried off the limber, the enemy pursuing no further.

The enemy at Boulton, bearing this fire, [illegible] run, burning five commissary stores and other supplies, broke up their camp and fled in disorder and dismount.

[illegible] Falmouth, and [illegible] with his available force in the direction of the enemy.

The foregoing comes to us from a source that makes it virtually official.—*Sentinel.*

PATRIOTIC FEMALE.

The following extract from a letter to Mr. Mallory, Secretary of Navy, shows what the patriotic citizens of Florida are about:

MADISON, FLORIDA,

May 27th, 1863.

The season, so far, has been remarkably cool—less warm weather than I ever know up to this period of the year, but the corn crop looks beautifully, and promises well indeed. A great portion of the farmers here, instead of planting the usual quantity of corn, are by the June 12th planting, have planted or hoeing cotton, and will supply home manufacture. I think, when every family is doing his best to multiply his stock of hogs. There will, perhaps, be three or four hundred per cent. on last year's quantity of bacon killed in this fall. If the disaster befalls the crop of corn, cured hogs, I don't know, but Florida itself could feed one-half the Confederate troops for one year.

We would be astonished to see the spectacle shabbily for our people for winter clothing. The sound of the spinning wheel may be heard now almost everywhere. Jeff Davis' speech at Jackson, Miss., is read and hoeing, and is receiving the admiration of the ladies for homespun dresses. P.

Good Society.

It should be the aim of young men to go into good society, and, if rich, the rich, are the good society, and the intelligent, and the good. When you find such, you know more than you do, and from whose conversation you can gain information. It is always safe to be found with them. It has been said that many a man to associate with the low and vulgar where the ribald song was sung, and the indecent story told to excite laughter, or influence the bad passions.

Lord Clarendon attributed success and happiness in life to association with persons of learned and virtuous than ourselves. If you wish to be wise and respected, if you desire happiness and not misery, we advise you to associate with the intelligent and good. Strive, by example, to elevate society, and you will never be found in the sinks of pollution, or in the ranks of profligacy and scoundrels. On the contrary, yourself in a virtuous course, once secure a love for good society, and no punishment would be greater than by accident to be obliged for a half a day to associate with the low and vulgar.

SHERMAN, JACKSON'S FAMILY.—The arrogant Sherman, boasting of his proposed to Grant's monument to General Jackson, says:

"We have heard that the widow and child, who should be adopted by Uncle country, are left in very moderate circumstances, and if this be so, while we approve the principle of adopting the children, we shall be adopting them in circumstances entirely independent. This is the first duty we owe to the memory of Jackson."

Boast Butler was present at the anniversary of this Andrew and Honorable Artillery, in Boston, on the 1st. He said, Louisiana was the first state to furnish a [illegible] to the Union.

[illegible] Henry F. Rose, of Tazewell, [illegible] Mounted Rangers, [illegible] Richmond [illegible]

REPORTED BY MINOR & BURKE.

	Extreme Rates.
SUPERFINE,	$4 50 a 4 75
SUPERFINE,	$4 75 a 5 00
EXTRA,	$5 00 a 5 25
FAMILY,	$5 50 a 7 00
CORN, very scarce, quoted at	$10 00
CORN MEAL,	$11 00
BACON, hog round,	$1 50
EGGS, per dozen,	$1 00
BUTTER, per pound,	$2 00 a 2 50
LARD,	$1 55 a 1 60
BEANS, per bushel,	$2 00
PEAS, "	$2 00
DRIED APPLES, per bushel,	$10 00 a 12 00
POTATOES, Irish,	$9 00 a 10 00
ONIONS,	$2 00
SUGAR, good brown,	$1 50 a 1 60
MOLASSES,	$1 00
Groceries.	$3 00 a 4 25
SALT, per pound,	0 15
TEA, "	0 18 a 2 00
SOAP,	50 a 70
SOLE LEATHER,	$1 25 a 1 50
CALF SKINS, per dozen,	$550 00
GREEN HIDES, salted, per lb	95
DRY "	$1 60 a 1 75
WHISKEY, per gallon,	$24 00 a 25 00
APPLE BRANDY,	$24 00
HAY & SHEAF OATS, per 100 lbs.	$10 00

TOBACCO.—The prices have been better since the last week. We quote in Chesterfield leaf, sold at $1 00 to $1 50; good do., $1 75 a $2 00; fine do. $2 00 to $2 50; common leaf, $1 00 to $1 25; fine do. $1 50 to $2 00; fine do. $2 00 to $2 50; common do. $1 00 to $1 25; fine do. $1 50 to $2 00.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Four Hundred Dollars REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, at Lacy Sulphur Furnace, Alleghany county, Va., the following named Negroes, viz:

GEORGE, age, copper colored, and 20 years old.

JIM BYRD, tall black, and 25 years old.

CHARLES, low, very black, and 23 years old.

They are supposed to be making their way to the Yankees.

I will give the above reward, or $100 each for their apprehension, and confinement in Jail so that I can get them.

When last heard from they were in the neighborhood of Waynesboro.

IRA P. JORDAN,

Computers P. O., Alleghany Co., Va.

June 12 3t*

PRINTERS INK.

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