AN ADDRESS
DELIVERED BEFORE THE
Citizens of Chambersburg, Pa.

Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen of the Union League:

The Law of nations, as a code of humanity, as a system of public order and peace, has long been regarded as the most sacred and most necessary law known to man. It is a law that is not only binding upon the nations of the earth, but upon all mankind.

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VALLEY SPIRIT.

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Wednesday Evening, March 28, 1845

R. COOPER, Printer.

NEW YORK.

Another Reply to the Transcript.

Both parties are now in the midst of the struggle, and this is not the time to discuss the questions presented by the recent measures of the administration. The following is a short statement of the case in the light of Mr. Webster's testimony.

Whether his knowledge of those institutions is peculiar to this country is a question for the court, except perhaps to the extent of the state of Massachusetts. But it is also true that no one has ever been found in any part of the United States who has been so fully versed in the principles of those institutions as Mr. Webster. It is for the court to determine the extent of his knowledge in this respect.

For the information of the Transcript, we have collected the following testimonials from the most respectable persons in the state of Massachusetts, which we think will be found highly relevant to the question presented.

The Transcript is not the only party that has been misled by the statements of Mr. Webster. The President, in his message to Congress, has also been influenced by the same testimony. The President has said that Mr. Webster is the best authority on the subject of those institutions, and that his testimony is the best evidence of their correctness.

We therefore conclude that the President's message to Congress is founded on a misapprehension of the facts, and that it is necessary to correct it by a statement of the true state of those institutions. It is our belief that the President's message is incorrect, and that it is necessary to correct it by a statement of the true state of those institutions.

The New York Times says, "We have good reason to believe that the President's message is incorrect, and that it is necessary to correct it by a statement of the true state of those institutions. It is our belief that the President's message is incorrect, and that it is necessary to correct it by a statement of the true state of those institutions."