**Spirit Times**

**VOL. 17. CHAMBERSBURG, PA. WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 14, 1864. NO. 29.**

**Literary and Scientific.**

**REPORT OF THE DELEGATES.**

Advisory and American in Advance of the President's Campaign of the Present Year.

The President of the United States, in his message to Congress, January 14, 1864, announced the necessity for an immediate and vigorous prosecution of the war, and, in the interests of the country, recommended the adoption of measures which would enable the government to carry on the war with vigor and dispatch. The President's message was received with the approbation of the nation, and was hailed with enthusiasm by the friends of the Union. The government was congratulated on the energy with which it had undertaken the war, and the nation was encouraged to sustain the government in its efforts to maintain the Union.

In compliance with the request of the President, the House of Representatives, on January 15, 1864, organized a committee to consider the measures recommended by the President, and to report a bill to carry them into effect. The committee was composed of gentlemen of the highest standing, and was charged with the important duty of preparing a bill to carry into effect the measures recommended by the President. The committee labored diligently, and, after many weeks of deliberation, reported a bill which was passed by the House of Representatives, and sent to the Senate for its consideration.

The Senate, after careful consideration, approved the bill, and it was sent to the President for his signature. The President signed the bill, and it was approved by him on January 28, 1864. The bill provided for the raising of an army of 300,000 men, and for the increase of the navy to 100,000 men. It also provided for the increase of the amount of money which could be borrowed, and for the enlargement of the amount of money which could be printed. The bill was hailed with enthusiasm by the nation, and it was hailed with enthusiasm by the friends of the Union.

In compliance with the provisions of the bill, the President called for 300,000 men, and the nation responded to the call. The army was rapidly increased, and the navy was enlarged. The government was enabled to carry on the war with vigor and dispatch, and the nation was encouraged to sustain the government in its efforts to maintain the Union.

**The President's Message.**

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The Ride of a Wounded Brigade

Mr. H. P. Taylor continues his account of the Wounded Brigade. In a recent letter from the Army of the Potomac, the following passage was given:

"The brigade wasเซ�ng near the front of the battle, when a shell struck the center company of the 11th New York, killing a number of men and wounding others. The command was ordered to hold its position, and the wounded were left behind. The company continued its advance, and was soon followed by the rest of the brigade. The position was held throughout the night, and the company was relieved early in the morning. The men were then brought back to the rear, and the company returned to its former position."

A Chapter on Horseback

Some horsemen never leave their horses in the morning without leaving their horses. Even a loss of a few seconds has its effect on their health. The horsemen are always on the alert, and are always ready to take a quick start. The men are in a kindly spirit. We know that the horsemen are living with their horses, and that they have the "good bye" spirit.

Some horsemen shake hands with their horses, and do not throw them until the joint is disengaged. Some horsemen say only, "Well, go!" to their horses, and do not say anything at all. Some horsemen throw their hands down, and do not throw them until the joint is disengaged. Some horsemen say only, "Well, go!" to their horses, and do not say anything at all. Some horsemen throw their hands down, and do not throw them until the joint is disengaged.

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VALLEY SPIRIT AND TIMES, WEDNESDAY JAN. 13, 1894.

THE DRAFT.

EDUCATIONAL.
GRAND OPENING.
FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

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EYSTER & BBO.

DROGH.

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

The Major's Letter.

The Major's letter, as published in the last number of the Valley Spirit and Times, is a most extraordinary piece of writing, especially considering that it is a letter from a person who is supposed to be an enlightened and patriotic citizen. The letter is reprinted below for your reference.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

The Major's Letter.

The Major, a well-known and respected citizen, has written a letter to the Valley Spirit and Times expressing his strong opposition to the recent decision of the Supreme Court on the issue of slavery. The letter is reprinted below for your reference.

Let us do as we did.

We were all of us, at one time or another, engaged in the work of helping our country. Let us not be idle now, but let us do as we did then. Let us work for the good of our country, and let us do it for the sake of our children and grandchildren.

We have a right to expect the same kind of loyalty from our government as we ourselves have shown to our country.

Let us do as we did.

The Major's letter ends with the following words:

"Let us do as we did."

We hope that the people of our country will take this advice to heart and work for the good of their country, as they did in the past.

Yours sincerely,

The Major.
CIRCULATION 2,000.
THE VALLEY SPIRIT AND TIMES.
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