

# The Franklin Repository.

BY MCCLURE & STORER.

CHAMBERSBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 8, 1864.

VOL 71, WHOLE NO. 860.

## Franklin Depository.

### The Draft in the 16th District.

We conclude this week the publication of the list of drafted men for this District.

### ADAMS COUNTY.

#### BERRICK TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 42. Deficiency, 5. To be Drawn, 5.  
 1 Abraham Spitzer  
 4 Peter Goff  
 3 Samuel Foreman

#### BERRICK BOROUGH.

No. Enrolled, 87. Deficiency, 8. To be Drawn, 8.  
 1 Samuel Meyer  
 2 John Davis  
 4 Edward Noble

#### BUTLER TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 118. Deficiency, 9. To be Drawn, 9.  
 1 John Meyer  
 4 George H. Miller  
 2 Samuel Whittier

#### CHERRY TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 32. Deficiency, 7. To be Drawn, 7.  
 1 Jacob Bonate  
 4 H. Warner  
 3 Joseph Bonate

#### CHESTERLAND TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 114. Deficiency, 6. To be Drawn, 6.  
 1 J. H. Redner  
 3 Wm. H. Dutter  
 2 P. D. Smith

#### FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 108. Deficiency, 10. To be Drawn, 10.  
 1 William Kane  
 2 Samuel Hart  
 3 Arthur Pomeroy

#### FREEBORN TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 102. Deficiency, 14. To be Drawn, 14.  
 1 Andrew J. Creton  
 8 Daniel Hartman  
 7 Frederick L. Creton

#### GERMANY TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 190. Deficiency, 31. To be Drawn, 31.  
 1 Edward Jones  
 7 Oliver Bohrer  
 4 H. K. H. K. H.

#### HAMILTON TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 111. Deficiency, 6. To be Drawn, 6.  
 1 Anthony Peters  
 4 Wm. Saunders  
 2 Samuel Stutz

#### HEATHING TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 99. Deficiency, 5. To be Drawn, 5.  
 1 J. H. Meyer  
 4 M. Ziegler  
 2 B. S. G. G.

#### LATIMORE TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 120. Deficiency, 9. To be Drawn, 9.  
 1 Wm. Finkle  
 6 Jacob H. H. H.

#### LIBERTY TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 31. Deficiency, 12. To be Drawn, 12.  
 1 John C. H. H.

#### MCANILL TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 157. Deficiency, 22. To be Drawn, 22.  
 1 John H. H. H.

#### MT. JOY TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 124. Deficiency, 2. To be Drawn, 2.  
 1 S. M. H. H.

#### MT. PLEASANT TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 171. Deficiency, 25. To be Drawn, 25.  
 1 J. H. H. H.

#### OXFORD TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 115. Deficiency, 6. To be Drawn, 6.  
 1 J. H. H. H.

#### READING TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 132. Deficiency, 10. To be Drawn, 10.  
 1 Andrew Dearborn  
 7 Daniel Mark

#### STRABAN TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 182. Deficiency, 10. To be Drawn, 10.  
 1 Benjamin Shultz  
 3 W. H. H.

#### TYBONE TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 24. Deficiency, 11. To be Drawn, 11.  
 1 Jacob Spenker  
 7 W. H. H.

#### UNION TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 109. Deficiency, 13. To be Drawn, 13.  
 1 George Low  
 7 Daniel Mark

#### REDFORD COUNTY.

#### REDFORD TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 23. Deficiency, 30. To be Drawn, 30.  
 1 A. H. H. H.

#### MIDDLE WOODBURY TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 27. Deficiency, 9. To be Drawn, 9.  
 1 David S. Haley  
 2 William H. H.

#### MONROE TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 128. Deficiency, 30. To be Drawn, 30.  
 1 M. H. H. H.

#### NAPER TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 169. Deficiency, 30. To be Drawn, 30.  
 1 Adam Stricker  
 2 Andrew Feicht

#### SCHLESBURG BOROUGH.

No. Enrolled, 29. Deficiency, 1. To be Drawn, 1.  
 1 S. H. H. H.

#### SOUTH HAMPTON TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 128. Deficiency, 9. To be Drawn, 9.  
 1 Harrison Murphy  
 2 John Northcutt

#### SOUTH WOODBURY TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 119. Deficiency, 18. To be Drawn, 18.  
 1 S. H. H. H.

#### SOUTH CLAH TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 145. Deficiency, 2. To be Drawn, 2.  
 1 Thos. W. H. H.

#### EMERALD VALLEY TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 141. Deficiency, 14. To be Drawn, 14.  
 1 Lewis Bell (col'd)  
 2 George Gowen

#### EAST PROVIDENCE TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 115. Deficiency, 23. To be Drawn, 23.  
 1 Daniel Manspeaker  
 2 Peter Shetterton

#### HARRISON TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 81. Deficiency, 29. To be Drawn, 29.  
 1 Joseph W. H. H.

#### KINGSTON TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 101. Deficiency, 24. To be Drawn, 24.  
 1 John W. H. H.

#### WEST PROVIDENCE TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 117. Deficiency, 23. To be Drawn, 23.  
 1 Wm. H. H. H.

#### HOODY RIN BOROUGH.

No. Enrolled, 55. Deficiency, 14. To be Drawn, 14.  
 1 J. H. H. H.

#### AVY TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 129. Deficiency, 4. To be Drawn, 4.  
 1 John Cooper  
 3 A. W. H.

#### BELFAST TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 72. Deficiency, 14. To be Drawn, 14.  
 1 Bennia Jordan  
 3 James H. H.

#### BETHEL TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 177. Deficiency, 43. To be Drawn, 43.  
 1 David Smith  
 2 Geo. Barton

#### BRUSH CREEK TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 66. Deficiency, 16. To be Drawn, 16.  
 1 J. P. H. H.

#### DUBLIN TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 67. Deficiency, 17. To be Drawn, 17.  
 1 William Goady  
 2 J. H. H.

#### LICKING CREEK TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 66. Deficiency, 6. To be Drawn, 6.  
 1 Rita Fisher  
 4 Edward Sipe

#### LEXINGTON BOROUGH.

No. Enrolled, 67. Deficiency, 17. To be Drawn, 17.  
 1 John B. H. H.

#### TAYLOR TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 71. Deficiency, 15. To be Drawn, 15.  
 1 John S. H. H.

#### THOMPSON TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 77. Deficiency, 21. To be Drawn, 21.  
 1 L. B. H. H.

#### TODD TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 47. Deficiency, 14. To be Drawn, 14.  
 1 S. H. H. H.

#### WELLS TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 107. Deficiency, 14. To be Drawn, 14.  
 1 James H. H.

#### SEMERSSET COUNTY.

#### ADDISON TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 109. Deficiency, 42. To be Drawn, 42.  
 1 J. H. H. H.

#### BROTHERS VALLEY TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 160. Deficiency, 4. To be Drawn, 4.  
 1 William M. H.

#### ROCKY HILL TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 115. Deficiency, 29. To be Drawn, 29.  
 1 J. H. H. H.

#### SALISBURY BOROUGH.

No. Enrolled, 23. Deficiency, 7. To be Drawn, 7.  
 1 John D. H.

#### GREENVILLE TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 59. Deficiency, 9. To be Drawn, 9.  
 1 J. H. H. H.

#### LARIMER TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 46. Deficiency, 14. To be Drawn, 14.  
 1 Francis Samuel  
 4 W. H. H.

#### LOWER TURKEYFOOT TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 70. Deficiency, 18. To be Drawn, 18.  
 1 George Steyer  
 10 E. H. H.

#### MILFORD TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 166. Deficiency, 11. To be Drawn, 11.  
 1 R. H. H. H.

#### NORTHAMPTON TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 61. Deficiency, 17. To be Drawn, 17.  
 1 Fred England  
 10 Daniel Switzer

#### PAINT TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 98. Deficiency, 17. To be Drawn, 17.  
 1 John H. H.

#### QUEMAMONG TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 113. Deficiency, 9. To be Drawn, 9.  
 1 A. J. H. H.

#### STOYSTOWN BOROUGH.

No. Enrolled, 32. Deficiency, 2. To be Drawn, 2.  
 1 Levi Burkey

#### SHADE TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 130. Deficiency, 36. To be Drawn, 36.  
 1 George Wright  
 10 H. H. H.

#### SEMERSSET COUNTY.

#### ADDISON TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 109. Deficiency, 42. To be Drawn, 42.  
 1 J. H. H. H.

#### BROTHERS VALLEY TOWNSHIP.

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 1 William M. H.

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 1 J. H. H. H.

#### SALISBURY BOROUGH.

No. Enrolled, 23. Deficiency, 7. To be Drawn, 7.  
 1 John D. H.

#### GREENVILLE TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 59. Deficiency, 9. To be Drawn, 9.  
 1 J. H. H. H.

#### JENNER TOWNSHIP.

No. Enrolled, 43. Deficiency, 14. To be Drawn, 14.  
 1 John Shaffer  
 4 Josiah Smith

#### LATEST ARMY NEWS!

### GRANT STILL ADVANCING!

### A FIGHT AT COLD WATER!

Our Troops Take and Hold the Rebel Works!

### BATTLE OF TOLOPOTNY CREEK!

### THE ENEMY FLEE TO THE WOODS!

### Great Battle on Friday Afternoon!

### FROM BUTLER'S DEPARTMENT!

### GEN. SHERMAN FOLLOWING UP JOHNSON!

### The Position of Gen. Grant's Army—Preparations for an Attack on the Rebel Army.

To Maj. Gen. Dix, New York: I have a despatch from Gen. Grant dated to four o'clock yesterday afternoon. There seemed the despatch says, to some prospect of Lee making a stand north of the Cheatmountain. His intent was to turn into the valley of the Potomac River, and between that stream and Hagerstown, his right resting on Shady Grove. Dispositions for an attack were being made by Gen. Grant.

Wilson's cavalry had been ordered to destroy the railroad bridges over the Little River and South Anna, and break up both northern and southern lines of the rebels. The rebels were the headquarters of our army were established with Washington.

A despatch from Gen. Sherman, dated yesterday, the 30th, at 11 A. M., reports no change in the position of the army. Some slight engagement had occurred subsequent to the affair of Saturday.

No intelligence from any other quarters has been received by this Department.  
 E. M. STANTON, Secy of War.

Attack by the Rebels on a Part of the Rebel Driven Out of its Intrenchments—The Rebels Captured a Considerable Number of Arms—The Rebels Captured a Considerable Number of Arms.

Washington, May 31, 11 P. M. To Maj. Gen. Dix, New York: A despatch from Gen. Grant, dated six o'clock this morning, reports that the Rebels on the left, after having been driven from the left, were on the left, and were on the left, and were on the left.

The enemy came over on our left last evening, and attacked. They were easily repulsed, and killed. I have a report of our losses, but suppose them to be light.

Other official despatches, not from General Grant, were received at the City of Washington, and give more details. They are as follows, all of which were dated yesterday, May 30th, 8 o'clock P. M.:

In the course of the afternoon, Gen. Grant had pushed down on our left until his flank division, under Gen. Crawford, reached a point about the Shady Grove Church. Crawford having detached from the rest of the Corps, was attacked and crowded back a little. The enemy then threw a force which appears to have consisted of Ewell's corps upon Warren's left, attempting to turn it, but was repulsed.

The engagement was short, sharp and decisive. Warren holds his ground at a distance of about half a mile from the Rebels, and reports that he has taken a considerable number of prisoners, and that there are many Rebel dead on the field. Of his own losses he has not yet made a report.

His latest despatch says that the enemy were moving troops to his left, apparently to cover the approach to Ely's position. On our right all the conflict has been raging ever since dark, but has just closed. As soon as the enemy attacked the left of Gen. Warren, Gen. Wright and his corps were ordered to move on, but do not seem to have got ready until after nightfall. No report has yet been received from them.

#### THE RADICAL CONVENTION FOR THE NOMINATION OF CANDIDATES FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Resolved, That the Convention, after organization and the nomination of some preliminary business, nominate John C. Fremont and Vice President.

The Committee on Resolutions reported a long series, endorsing the Monroe doctrine, favoring a single Presidential term, declaring that the reconstruction of the rebellious States belongs to the people, through their representatives in Congress, and not to the Executive, &c. &c.

The Convention adjourned. The Committee on Resolutions reported a long series, endorsing the Monroe doctrine, favoring a single Presidential term, declaring that the reconstruction of the rebellious States belongs to the people, through their representatives in Congress, and not to the Executive, &c. &c.

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A MOTHER'S LOVE. Ah, once I had a mother dear. A mother kind and true...

A DAY'S MARCH. Right above our heads blazed the overpowering sun. We looked up presently at the glaring sky...

THE STATUS OF OUR GENERALS. The War Department, in response to a resolution of the Senate...

THE CHIMNEY CORNER. The old chimney corner. It is endeared to the heart from the earliest years...

THE KINDERHOOK Rough Notes gets off the following about Job: 'It is supposed by many unthinking persons...

RESOLUTIONS OF THE LUTHERAN SYNOD. The twenty-first Convention of the General Synod of the Lutheran Church met in York recently...

SOLDIERS AFTER THE WAR. In the portion of his history relating to the state of English society at the close of the great revolution...

REMEMBER HOME. Fortunate unexpectably fortunate is the young man who has a home that he loves...

THEY SAY IT. How idly and feebly the dead speak. Who can tell what a day it will be...

OH, MY FRIEND. The doctor did me no good. He ordered the liquor to be genuine whisky...

A RESTLESS GENIUS. Who went to a Quaker meeting, and after hearing a decorous gravity for an hour or two...

UNDESIRABLE PARENTS. Even the ruded often succeed in illustration, where the thoughtful and cultivated fail...

A LITTLE daughter of a proprietor of a coal mine in Pennsylvania, was inquisitive as to the nature of the coal...

Dry and Fancy Goods. APRIL 1864. EYSTER & BRO. Our assortment is now complete...

SPRING STOCK OF GOODS. Our assortment is now complete, and we can offer to our friends as handsome an assortment of...

DRESS GOODS. As can be found (this side of Philadelphia). We have Prints at 10, 15, 22, 25 and 3 Cts. Printed De Laines...

SILKS. All-Wool De Laines. Silk and Wool Chasties. Printed Chasties. Shepherd Plaids. Wide and Narrow Checks...

BALMORALS. Balmorals and Skeletons all prices.

CORSETS. All sizes and best quality.

TRIMMINGS. Black Silk Trimming Lace. Black Silk Ear Lace. Double Trimmings. Bugle Buttons...

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS. Embroidered Handkerchiefs. Mourning and Embroidered in colors.

KID GLOVES. All sizes of celebrated Kid Gloves. Silk, Lisle Thread, Cotton, &c.

MOURNING GOODS. We have now a separate apartment for Mourning Goods, and our stock is complete in every particular.

GRAP GOODS. Long Grape Volls, from 25 to 50 Cts. Grape Fall Tucked. Grape Falls Twilled. Grape Collars. Grape Sets...

CARPETS: CARPETS!! CARPETS!! Carpets from 40 cents up. Heavy Carpets. All-Wool Carpets. Three-Ply Carpets. Brussels Carpets...

MATTING. White and Checked Matting, 1, 2, and 3 Cts. Cocoa Matting.

QUEENWARE. Queen-ware in sets or by the piece. We are prepared to fill orders for any quantity of COMMON AND WHITE GRANITE WARE.

Our stock is complete in every line, and if our friends want good bargain, all we have to say is that this is the place to secure them.

Call soon, before the rush begins. EYSTER & BRO. Main Street, Chambersburg, Pa.

EDUCATIONAL. QUAKER CITY BUSINESS COLLEGE. N. K. COOPER, President and Chief Instructor. PHILADELPHIA.

THE BUSINESS DEPARTMENT. This Institution offers to young men numerous advantages not possessed by any other Commercial College in the State...

CHAMBERSBURG ACADEMY. PREPARED FOR THE UNIVERSITY. This Academy was organized on Thursday, April 21, 1864...

FACULTY. J. R. KIRBY, A. B., Principal, Greek, German, Latin, French, Italian, Spanish, Portuguese, Hebrew, Syriac, and Chaldee.

CHAMBERSBURG SEMINARY. FOR YOUNG LADIES. The Spring Session commences on Monday, June 13, 1864...

ALL DRUGGISTS. HENRY REEVE'S PRINCIPAL. Rev. HENRY REEVE'S PRINCIPAL.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY. DAUGHINBAUGH'S CLOCK, WATCH AND JEWELRY ESTABLISHMENT. MAIN ST., NEAR THE MARKET.

STOMACH BITTERS. A pure and powerful Tonic, Corrective and Alternative of wonderful efficacy in diseases of the STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS.

REMOVAL. From 433 Market Street to 435 Market Street, Philadelphia. H. J. COOPER, Proprietor.

COUSIN LIZIE'S LITTLE JOKER. A bright sparkling little journal which every little boy and girl will find interesting and profitable.

KEROSENE LANTERNS. Kerosene Lamps. Kerosene Oil. BIRD'S GROOMER.

HELMHOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION. HELMHOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. HELMHOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU AND INDIAN ROOTS.

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Franklin Repository.

Wednesday, June 8, 1864.

TERMS.—\$2 per annum in advance; or \$2.50 if not paid within the year. All subscription accounts must be settled annually. No paper will be sent out of the State unless paid for in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at ten cents per line for first insertion, and five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements of five lines or less are charged 50 cents for first insertion and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion; and advertisements exceeding five lines and not exceeding ten lines, are charged \$1 for first insertion and 50 cents for each insertion thereafter.

All Legal Notices, of every kind, and all Orphan Court and other Judicial Sales, are required by law to be advertised in the Repository—it being the largest circulation of any paper published in the county of Franklin.

All Ordinary and Marriage notices exceeding five lines, and all communications, resolutions and other notices of limited or individual interest, are charged ten cents per line.

Advertisements or subscriptions may be sent directly to the Publishers, or through any responsible City Agent.

M'CLURE & STONER, Proprietors.

SINGLE COPIES of the REPOSITORY can be had at the counter, with or without wrappers. Price five cents. Persons ordering single copies to be mailed must enclose a two cent postage stamp.

PARTISANSHIP AND THE BENEFIT OF THE GOVERNMENT.

From the very nature of our government, political partisanship is inevitable, and so far from being pernicious, it constitutes our chief safeguard. Its sleepless vigilance, its eager scrutiny into the policy and character of the men in power, prevent the outrage of public rights, preserve comparative purity in the administration of affairs, and promote the best interests of the people. At all times it is toward permanent good. Remove its guardianship for a lengthened period, and unrestrained officials might drive the nation to the very brink, if not into the very abyss, of ruin. But partisanship should always be subservient to patriotism.—

LOYALTY.

The terms loyal and disloyal are of late usage among us. Hitherto we have looked upon them as old world phrases, better adapted to a state of society ruled by a hereditary magistracy than to a republic in America. But now a newly awakened and profound sentiment in the breast of the people has appropriated them, and they are as frequent use among us as in old England itself.

We evidently mean something by them, but what is meant is not always clear. With some, loyalty is more a word to conceal than to express their true sentiments; with others it is only a name for their own opinions as to the duty of the government in the present crisis. All are disloyal who do not agree with them. There are others again, and they are generally found among those who are sympathetic with treason and rebellion, who speak of loyalty as if it was a legal matter, and a man's disloyalty was to be determined by the letter of the law. This is the most dangerous, because the most plausible error on this subject; and through it thousands of good men have become unconsciously disloyal. The fanatic, who measures a great sentiment he has not heart to comprehend, by his own contracted opinions, soon meets with disaffected contempt. But it seems like wisdom to say that "the Constitution and the supreme law of the land are the only measures of loyalty." The mistake of such is that they make loyalty a legal virtue; they degrade this noble sentiment, placing it on a level with allegiance. It is in no sense a legal subject. The supreme law of the land no more tells us what it is, than it defines what a virtuous, an honest, or a brave man is. Loyalty stands on the same footing with honesty, patriotism and bravery; it is a moral subject and lies in the field of right sentiment. Law technically divides obligations into two classes, the imperfect and the perfect. By the "imperfect" it means most curiously those that are so spiritual and far-reaching, or in other words so perfect that the clumsy machinery of Law cannot reach them. The "perfect" are those superficial relations that can be reached by human testimony. Now the deepest and strongest sentiments of human nature and among them class loyalty are those which the law calls "imperfect." In their source and flow they are beyond legal control; and the law can touch them only when their violation passes into some wrong that can be reached by testimony. Thus a man may be dishonest, but the civil law cannot punish him until his dishonesty passes into fraud, and then it condemns only for the fraud; he may be untruthful, but it is only when untruth passes into slander or perjury that the law attempts redress, and then for these crimes, not for his untruthfulness. So it is with loyalty. Civil law can do nothing with it until it matures into treasonable practices, and then, it is punished as treason, not as disloyalty. When a man, annoyed with the suspicion that he is disloyal, defends himself by saying he is a true friend

against our cause abroad, are more to be lamented than Lee's invasion of our State and his merciless imprisonment of our citizens. And the arrest and confinement of plotters against the government in our very midst, is more alarming to their sensitive conceptions of liberty than the giant despotism that threatened to bow the North at its feet, and plant the ensign of slavery on the dome of the capital and call the roll of its slaves at the base of Bunker Hill Monument. And this howl against the tyranny of the government is raised and repeated by the class of men, who enjoy all the licentiousness of tongue and pen—from men in the councils of the Nation down to pot-house brawlers whose only limitation of speech is the thickened articulation of besotment.

Well these treacherous partisans know that never was a government more lenient, more tolerant—lenient and tolerant almost to a fatal degree. Well they know that the North is overrun with spies—that rebel emissaries thread our roads, sit with us at our tables, swarm about our armies, and hold positions in our employment. They traffic in our large cities—obtain supplies there for the use of their rebellion, plot the capture of our vessels, and incite the rabble to revolt and murder. These invaders against the tyranny of the government, are not only weakening its power, but are smoothing the pathway of spies. They are creating an atmosphere in which a spy may breathe safely, and affording him facilities to further his mission. They are doing still more, they constitute even a rebel army of occupation in the North. Without their co-operation his war would have been over—the blood of thousands saved—the nation restored and far advanced on its career of prosperity and glory. But, thank God, the hour and the hour of these wicked creatures are drawing to an end—they cannot prevent the final suppression of the rebellion, and the day is not far distant when they will wish that the swamps of the Chickahominy, the hills of Gettysburg, or the thickets of the Wilderness could conceal them from the indignation of their countrymen and the contempt of mankind.

The terms loyal and disloyal are of late usage among us. Hitherto we have looked upon them as old world phrases, better adapted to a state of society ruled by a hereditary magistracy than to a republic in America. But now a newly awakened and profound sentiment in the breast of the people has appropriated them, and they are as frequent use among us as in old England itself.

It is interesting to observe how most of the leading politicians of our country have failed in their prophecies relative to the position and principles of the Union party during the terrible ordeal now pending. That many prophecies should have been made is not at all singular. In the midst of the life and death struggles, by which, during the last three years densely populated States have confronted each other in bloody battle, and the most peaceful of our citizens have been distracted, it would indeed have been remarkable, if the spirit of prophecy had not become general, and if the signs of the times had not prompted a general prediction of unexampled confusion in our national politics.

The leading statements of the old Whig and Democratic parties despaired of the permanency of the Union, and feared the collision of arms between the North and South. In order to avert so sad a calamity, they were on several occasions induced to yield to compromise when the measures then agitating the public mind should have been fearlessly met and settled according to the spirit, if not the letter of the constitution. Those acts of timidity instead of setting dangerous questions, produced political disorder in all parties, from which we believe have grown up the different factions of fanatics, whose extreme views have hurried on the fearful bloody conflict that has deluged our land. When the gates of Janus were unlocked and thrown open, and three years of fratricidal war like a besom of destruction, have swept their way across the South, desolating the whole land, he was a bold man who ventured to predict a harmonious order of things to be restored from this tempestuous confusion.

How often have our ears been greeted with the intelligence that party lines have been broken up, and that no party organizations were in existence, save and alone for the purpose of vindicating the integrity of the Government and restoring the Union. How often have we been told that the Democratic party was national in its doctrines, conservative in its tenets, and loyal in its principles, and that whilst the dark cloud of war hung over our national horizon, its power should be exercised for the preservation of National life; and yet in the face of all this, influential journals, the oracles of the party, have been found advocating a disreputable method of extricating ourselves

of the constitution, and challenges the law to lay hold on him, he no more establishes his innocence than does the diabolical man, who points to the law, and triumphantly asks where it condemns him as a liar. Both of these things belong to the moral department of life, and are to be judged not as the law tries deeds, but as we all judge sentiments and feelings.

Loyalty is not born of the letter of the law. It is what a man feels and does for his country and its honor, not as compelled, but of his own free will. It is true heart-felt devotion to its government and to its cause. It does not measure itself by the constitution or read the limit of its exertions in the laws. It is not skilled in hiding from duty under pretence of saving the constitution. It indeed loves that document and would sacredly maintain it, but knows of something better. Its noblest duties are not written in the statute book; To tear one's self from the embrace of wife or mother that we may stand for our government amid the horrors of the battlefield, to bear wounds without complaint, to be constant in disaster, to be undaunted when armies reel bleeding from the field, to give money, to minister in the hospital, to encourage the soldier, to pray, to hope, to wait for victory, to die in the cause—these are not constitutional duties; but they are the natural unconstrained works of true loyalty. A man may be a "constitutional" loyalist, in other words keep his allegiance, and yet be as disloyal as the arch traitor himself. Unfortunately there are many such to be found in the North. With mean spirits unable to rise above the trammels of party, they profess to see in the life and death struggle of our country, nothing more than the policy of an administration. They have no heart to rejoice in the victories of our armies, no tears to lament their defeats. Professing to deplore the mistakes of those in power, they really feel upon them. While the true heart of loyalty is slow to blame, full of forbearance and patient under misarranges, these creatures are in haste to accuse. They condemn before they know the truth and denounce what they do not understand. They are full of invectives against the mistakes of government, but they have none to denounce the treason of our country's foes. There is no law to condemn such, but there is a great and true sentiment in the heart of the people which does brand them as disloyal. Let them like the liar and the coward, live to be despised. Covered with the infamy of having been false at heart to their country in the hour of its peril, it will be punishment enough for them to live and face the looks of those who have suffered and fought for our deliverance.

From the political entanglements by which we have been overcome.

In the midst of our troubles the ultra organs of all parties have been busily engaged in exerting their influences and disseminating their perilous doctrines. It was an easy matter for them to assert their claims to attention and to wield an influence in public opinion for a time. This we have all seen, and all are equally glad that their existence is brief, and their death as sudden as their birth. The decay of factions is the greatest proof of the stability of our government and its institutions. And now since the rebellion has been stripped of its terrors, and the supremacy of the government has been fully vindicated, the landmarks of duty and principle have become more distinct to the minds of all, except those who are constitutionally incapable of seeing.

Universal freedom, the light of the Constitution, that beacon of all true American Statesmen, is now more than ever recognized as the guide through our great national difficulties. The eye of the nation is directed to it, and with one voice does the Union party, the party in power, proclaim its advent. It should be a source of gratification to every Republican, every well wisher of the nation, that the doctrines of our party have triumphed through this terrible struggle; that factions have ceased their blarney upon, and that the Union party has again the opportunity, during the approaching Presidential struggle, of confronting the disloyal elements of the nation, upon the issues of social, political and national grandeur. In the merits of our political creed we have full confidence, relying as we do on the amount of truth we can bring to sustain our cause.

Let no Union man be perturbed that the principles for which he has all along contended are about to be abandoned by the party during the coming campaign. The destiny of these principles has not yet been completed, and to sacrifice any of them at this time, would but be a step backwards and against the interests of our country. The doctrines of the Union party are those of equitable and peaceful progress. Neither by violence nor by stagnation will they ever propose to succeed; but by a firm decided and steady course, and every variety of political and social circumstances. The institution of slavery must be abolished, and the States in rebellion subdued and brought back to their allegiance, upon the basis of the free States of the North. A good and substantial circulating party medium must be established. A tariff sufficient to encourage and protect the free labor of the country must be enacted. These are the doctrines of our party, and when we are found untrue to these, untrue to American interests, we shall admit the claims of others to the possession of a pure patriotism. Until then we shall not cease, with all honesty of purpose, to propose for popular acceptance those great measures in defense of which we are now arrayed, and with reference to which we are not divided.

THE UNION PARTY—ITS ISSUES.

It is interesting to observe how most of the leading politicians of our country have failed in their prophecies relative to the position and principles of the Union party during the terrible ordeal now pending. That many prophecies should have been made is not at all singular. In the midst of the life and death struggles, by which, during the last three years densely populated States have confronted each other in bloody battle, and the most peaceful of our citizens have been distracted, it would indeed have been remarkable, if the spirit of prophecy had not become general, and if the signs of the times had not prompted a general prediction of unexampled confusion in our national politics.

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"Though no deaths have occurred among the leading commanders, Brig. Generals Willich, Manson and Kilpatrick badly wounded, Maj. Gen. Hooker and Howard slightly, and still in the field. The hospitals here are filled with wounded; but they receive every attention from members of that noble Christian Commission.

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SUMMARY OF WAR NEWS.

—Maj. Gen. Carl Schurz has been placed in command of the convalescent barracks at Nashville.

—Gen. Crooks, according to a special dispatch to the Cincinnati Gazette, has stated on another expedition.

—A despatch from Missouri reports another guerrilla outrage. A number of Union refugees were captured and eighty men if necessary killed.

—Roddy's Cavalry, commanded by Col. Johnson, was recently encountered by the 108th of the Seventeenth Army Corps, near Holder, La.; Roddy was killed and many prisoners taken.

—Secessionists, South Carolina, it is reported by a rebel source who came into Gen. Butler's lines on Saturday, has been captured by our forces. Charleston is threatened, and the rebel commander is said to have telegraphed for reinforcements.

—An important announcement is made that French Minister of Foreign Affairs has assured Mr. Dayton that the iron-clads which were being built in France for the rebels have been sold to a neutral power, and that the four Rebel clipper ships at Bordeaux, would not be delivered to them.

—The one-hundred-and-thirty-second Ohio Militia Regiment, which arrived in Washington a short time since, rode a few days ago, to Lebanon, Ohio, to perform a brief tour of duty. They were sent to the front at the Little Rock Railroad. Not a dissenting vote was given. Their effort was accepted, and they left for the front.

—It is known by the Navy Department that the rebels have ironclad, torpedo rafts, and other infernal machines, which they intend to send down the James River against our gunboats. But our naval officers are well prepared for them, and there is no fear of the result.

—A heavy force of rebels is reported to be within 35 miles of Duval's Bluff, marching on that place. They are supposed to number 15,000. The Rebel Gen. Shelly captured Duval's last Monday, taking 200 prisoners. After the capture, he crossed the Arkansas River, and it was supposed that he intended to strike the Little Rock Railroad. Jacksonville and Beaufort were then evacuated by our forces.

—The Marmora, Juliet and Prairie River recently engaged the Rebel batteries at Gates's Landing, and succeeded in driving them away. Marmada, who is reported to be in command of the rebels, had taken twelve pieces of artillery. He captured and burned the steamer Lebanon, and carried the crew and passengers off as prisoners. The boats from the White River report the rebels to be thick, but the boats are not molested.

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"Besides the seventeen members of the Voluntary Aid Corps mentioned in my report, the State was represented at Fredericksburg by several medical gentlemen, who went there and rendered important surgical aid under the auspices of the Christian Commission, whose labor of love performed by over two hundred devoted and active delegates was justly rewarded of inappreciable value."

This is a very high testimony, coming from an observer of the official position of Dr. King, and especially as he is eminently conscientious, and careful in his expressions. Whatever he endorses, and whenever he thanks, are worthy of the confidence and support of the public.

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THE NATIONAL UNION CONVENTION.

The National Union Convention assembled this morning at the Front Street Theatre, in the same building where four years ago the Democratic Convention happily split upon the rock of discord.

The building has been tastefully decorated, and fitted up for the occasion by the City Council of Baltimore. The galleries are furnished with flags, and the entire stage thrown open. There are nearly six hundred delegates present, including many from remote territories. Hon. E. D. Morgan, Chairman of the National Committee, called the convention to order at noon, making a brief address. He proposed Dr. J. Besicovich, of Kentucky, as temporary Chairman. The announcement was met with great applause.

Mr. King, N. E., and Randall, Wis., were appointed to conduct the Convention, and to the chair, whose appearance was greeted with long and continued applause. Three cheers for the war horse of Kentucky were proposed and given.

As soon as silence was restored, Mr. Brock-inridge returned his thanks for the honor conferred upon him in a brief but eloquent speech, explaining the considerations which had induced him to attend the Convention.

Mr. Stevens, Pa., moved that if there were any delegates here from States in secession, the names of the delegates be taken down to be submitted to the committee on credentials, without such States be called.

After considerable debate the motion to call the names of all the States prevailed, including the Territories of Colorado, Nevada and Nebraska, as they were now forming State governments, and would cast their votes at the next Presidential election.

On motion of Mr. Lane, Kansas, all the States except Missouri, which has sent no delegates, were called upon to name one member for the committee on credentials.

On motion of A. Shaw, of Mass., P. H. Derr, of N. Y., and E. N. Briggs, of N. C., were appointed Secretaries to complete the temporary organization.

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—Maj. Gen. Fremont, according to the Washington correspondent of the New York Herald, has resigned his position in the army, and his resignation has been accepted.



Lines of Travel.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD: GREAT TRIP ARRANGEMENT. THE PASSENGER TRAINS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY WILL DEPART FROM HARRISBURG...

THROUGH EXPRESS TRAINS: HARRISBURG LEAVES HARRISBURG DAILY AT 2:45 A.M. AND ARRIVES AT PHILADELPHIA AT 10:30 A.M.

WESTWARD: HARRISBURG LEAVES HARRISBURG DAILY AT 6:00 A.M. AND ARRIVES AT PHILADELPHIA AT 12:00 P.M.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY: WINTER TIME TABLE. THREE TRAINS DAILY TO AND FROM BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON CITY.

MAIL TRAINS: HARRISBURG LEAVES HARRISBURG DAILY AT 6:00 A.M. AND ARRIVES AT PHILADELPHIA AT 12:00 P.M.

EXPRESS TRAINS: HARRISBURG LEAVES HARRISBURG DAILY AT 8:00 A.M. AND ARRIVES AT PHILADELPHIA AT 1:30 P.M.

HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION TRAIN: HARRISBURG LEAVES HARRISBURG DAILY AT 10:00 A.M. AND ARRIVES AT PHILADELPHIA AT 3:00 P.M.

NORTHWARD: HARRISBURG LEAVES HARRISBURG DAILY AT 6:00 A.M. AND ARRIVES AT PHILADELPHIA AT 12:00 P.M.

EXPRESS TRAINS: HARRISBURG LEAVES HARRISBURG DAILY AT 8:00 A.M. AND ARRIVES AT PHILADELPHIA AT 1:30 P.M.

HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION TRAIN: HARRISBURG LEAVES HARRISBURG DAILY AT 10:00 A.M. AND ARRIVES AT PHILADELPHIA AT 3:00 P.M.

PHILADELPHIA AND EAST: HARRISBURG LEAVES HARRISBURG DAILY AT 6:00 A.M. AND ARRIVES AT PHILADELPHIA AT 12:00 P.M.

Lines of Travel.

READING RAILROAD: GREAT TRIP ARRANGEMENT. THE PASSENGER TRAINS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY WILL DEPART FROM HARRISBURG...

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Stoves and Tinware

STOVE EMPORIUM: JACOB B. MILLER. MAIN STREET - 4 Doors South of the Diamond. CHAMBERSBURG, PA.

He has the largest and well selected stock of STOVES, COPPER, TIN and SHEET-IRON WARE.

He has now the largest and best assortment of PARLOR, HALL, GAS BURNERS and COOKING STOVES.

WASH-BOILERS constantly on hand of all sizes, and the best material.

COAL BUCKETS. The largest assortment, the heaviest iron and the best made in the county.

TIN WARE. One of the best material and in a workmanlike manner.

ROOFING, SPOUTING, &c. Made and put up at the shortest notice.

CONFECTIONERY, &c. Four Doors South of the Diamond. JACOB B. MILLER.

BERNHART & HENSLEY, BAKERS, CONFECTIONERS, FRUITS, TOYS, &c.

AMAN OF A THOUSAND. A Candidate for the office of Mayor of Harrisburg.

JOHN C. HOPKINS & CO., IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE.

Drugs, Medicines, &c.

HEYSER & CRESSLER. GRADUATES IN PHARMACY. DRUGS, CHEMICALS, MEDICINES, &c. CHAMBERSBURG, PA.

Believing that only PURE DRUGS AND PREPARATIONS OF FULL STRENGTH.

HOWE & STEVEN'S FAMILY DYE COLORS. A reliable and easy coloring.

BITTER WINE OF IRON. An excellent Tonic for debilitated and dyspeptic patients.

POCKET BOOKS AND WALLET. We have just received a large lot of every size, quality and price.

SEEDS - NIXON'S STOCK OF GARDEN SEEDS has been renewed.

BRIDAL SUITS OF BRUSHES. Complete Hair Pins and Fancy Goods.

SOAPS. The stock of Soaps at NIXON'S can't be exhausted.

NEW SHOE STORE. The subscribers are now offering a large lot of Open Shoes.

SKIRTS! SKIRTS! SKIRTS! CELEBRATED "NEE BUS" SKIRTS.

ARTHUR H. BANDOL. MANUFACTURER OF IRONWOOD AND BRASS. LOOKING GLASS AND PICTURE FRAMES.

Drugs, Medicines, &c.

A. J. MILLER. DRUGGIST. STORE ON THE DIAMOND, CHAMBERSBURG. TOILET ARTICLES. STERILIZED AMBROSIA.

STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES. Swain's Panacea. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

ROSENE OIL. KEROSENE LAMPS. CHIMNEYS AND WICKS.

THE CHILD'S MEDICINE. ANODYNE CURBIAL. BANART'S TROCHES.

TERRELL'S TETTER OINTMENT. A Certain Cure for Itch, Scald Head, and other Skin Diseases.

FAMILY DYE COLORS. A new and improved kind of dye.

NOTION STORE. MASSION HOUSE, Chambersburg, Pa. METCALFE & HITESHER.

RUSSIA GLASS and Crank. Irish Linen, &c.

NEW GOODS. The subscribers are now offering a large lot of Open Shoes.

SKIRTS! SKIRTS! SKIRTS! CELEBRATED "NEE BUS" SKIRTS.

ARTHUR H. BANDOL. MANUFACTURER OF IRONWOOD AND BRASS. LOOKING GLASS AND PICTURE FRAMES.

Books and Stationery.

S. S. SHRYOCK, BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER. Successor to New York Stationery Store.

STATIONERY. A large assortment of Pocket and Family Blank Books of all sizes, qualities and styles.

FRANCE GLASS. For Picture Frames, my (cheap) NOVELS, much lower than Philadelphia.

PERIODICALS. Harper's Monthly, Atlantic Monthly, Knickerbocker, etc.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS. We can sell Photograph Albums at lower prices than they can be procured elsewhere.

AMERICAN TRACT SOCIETY. Presbyterian Board of Christian Missions.

JAMES B. SMITH & CO. BOOKSELLERS AND PUBLISHERS. Manufacturers of Book and Stationery.

SHRIMMERS' BALSAIC COUGH SYRUP. A new and improved cough syrup.

POITZ'S CELEBRATED HORSE PASTE. A new and improved horse paste.

POITZ'S MIXTURE. A new and improved mixture for medicinal purposes.

POITZ'S MIXTURE. A new and improved mixture for medicinal purposes.

Clothing. THE FRANKLIN CLOTHING EMPORIUM. LARGEST STOCK - CHEAPEST PRICES.

Coal, Lumber, &c. DEITZ & M'DOWELL. HIGHEST PRICE IN CASH.

Agricultural. AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY.

FARMERS' FOUNDRY MACHINE SHOP. The undersigned would respectfully ask the attention of Farmers, Millers, etc.

Saddlery, Harness, &c. SADDLERY! SADDLERY! HARNESS MANUFACTORY!

Medical. CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP. JODIE POTASSIUM.

ELLIOTT CLOTHIER. South of the Diamond and the West of the City. Has just returned from the city with a large stock of superior and fashionable goods.

WAREHOUSE AND COAL YARD. DEITZ & M'DOWELL'S.

AMMONIATE. A real gain, containing from seventy to eighty per cent of PHOSPHATE of LIME.

THE SORGO JOURNAL AND FARM MACHINERY. Devoted to Northern Farm and Stock Culture.

WHISPS!! WHISPS!! WHISPS!!! Wm. Stillero & Son, corner of Main and Washington Streets.

CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP. A positive and specific remedy for all diseases arising from a LIMPID STATE OF THE BLOOD.

R. C. WALBORN & CO'S. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. READY-MADE LINEN & DRESS STOCK.

NEW FIRM - SMALL COALS LUMBER. DEITZ & M'DOWELL'S.

CLIPPER MOVING MACHINE. The improved CLIPPER MOVING MACHINE with Steel Folding Fines-Bar and two Drive-Wheels.

RYDER'S FRANKLIN COUNTY NURSERY. Fruit and Ornamental Trees.

ROAD-GEARS. COLLARS. HEALTHERS, and anything in the Leather line that you desire.

CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP. A Positive and Specific Remedy for all Diseases arising from a LIMPID STATE OF THE BLOOD.

Insurance. AMERICAN LIFE INSURANCE AND TRUST CO. CAPITAL PAID UP \$1,000,000.

Liquors. IMPORTERS OF WINES AND LIQUORS. LAUMAN, SALLADER & CO.

PALMER PATENT SELF-SUSTAINING PORTLAND CEMENT. The most durable and strongest Portland Cement.

FRANKLIN COUNTY NURSERY. Fruit and Ornamental Trees.

THE LADIES OF AMERICA. LION'S PERIODICAL DROPS. THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY.

Medical. CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP. A Positive and Specific Remedy for all Diseases arising from a LIMPID STATE OF THE BLOOD.

1829 CHARTER PERPETUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA. CAPITAL PAID UP \$1,000,000.

Removal. DR. J. K. REID. Dr. Reid has removed his office from the corner of the Public Square.

COOK'S STEAM EVAPORATOR. Manufactured by B. W. Cook & Sons, Lowell, Mass.

NORWAY MAPLE TREES. For sale by J. A. MISH, Keystone Nursery.

CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP. A Positive and Specific Remedy for all Diseases arising from a LIMPID STATE OF THE BLOOD.

Medical. CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP. A Positive and Specific Remedy for all Diseases arising from a LIMPID STATE OF THE BLOOD.

Job Printing in every style done at the Office of the Franklin Repository.

Legal Notices.

JOHNSTON ATTACKS SHERMAN ON TUESDAY AND IS REPULSED AFTER THREE HOURS OF FIGHTING... JOHNSTON'S DEFEAT... SHERMAN'S ADVANCEMENT...

THE NIGHT AT COLD HARBOUR ON WEDNESDAY... THE BATTLE OF COLD HARBOUR... THE ENEMY'S DEFEAT...

THE BATTLE OF TELEPOWING... THE ENEMY'S DEFEAT... THE AMERICAN ADVANCEMENT...

THE ENEMY'S DEFEAT... THE AMERICAN ADVANCEMENT... THE BATTLE OF TELEPOWING...

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Real Estate Sales.

TRUSTEES SALE OF VALUABLE IRON WORKS... SMALL FARM FOR SALE... REAL ESTATE SALES...

REAL ESTATE SALES... TRUSTEES SALE OF VALUABLE IRON WORKS... SMALL FARM FOR SALE...

REAL ESTATE SALES... TRUSTEES SALE OF VALUABLE IRON WORKS... SMALL FARM FOR SALE...

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Legal Notices.

SHERIFF'S NOTICE OF INQUIRY... SHERIFF'S NOTICE OF INQUIRY... SHERIFF'S NOTICE OF INQUIRY...

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A JOINT RESOLUTION PROPOSING... A JOINT RESOLUTION PROPOSING... A JOINT RESOLUTION PROPOSING...

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