

VALLEY SPIRIT.

CHAMBERSBURG, PA.

VOLUME 12.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 20, 1859.

NUMBER 43.

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION.

The Valley Spirit will be published every Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock, from which a circulation of 5000 will be made if paid within the term of months. It will be changed if not paid at the expiration of the year. All advertisements inserted in this paper are subject to the usual conditions of publication.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

For the year 1859, the price of the paper is \$1.00 per annum in advance, or \$1.25 per annum if paid quarterly. Single copies are sold at 5 cents. The paper is published every Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. The office is at No. 10 North Second Street, Chambersburg, Pa.

JOB PRINTING.

Connected with the establishment of the proprietors is a complete assortment of Job Printing Material, all of which are ready for use. They are prepared in every style of elegant and ornamental printing with precision and at the lowest price.

AN ADDRESS.

Delivered before the Teachers' Association of Franklin County, at Chambersburg, Pa., November 19th, 1858.

MR. PRESIDENT.

Philos Teachers of Franklin County.

The present happy event marks another era in the history of our State. It is an event of peculiar interest and importance, especially to those of us who, with our hearts united by the ties of friendship, and called in a common cause, have left our homes and borne the tediousness of the journey to be present at this Association for the purpose of consulting each other upon the most judicious and successful plans of carrying on the great work of our profession—the development of the youthful mind. A work, the faithful performance of which, requires all the available qualities, that we, by the most persevering efforts to improve our natural endowments, can possibly attain; and were we not conscious of the fact that the teachers in other Counties of this Commonwealth had their energies enlisted in the same noble cause, and were uniting in their endeavors to magnify their calling and elevate the profession, we might have some show of excuse for acting with indifference in the matter. We are not alone in our exertions to prosecute the work of progress; all over the State, teachers seem to have been inspired by the words of the wise, and acting in accordance with the precept, "that in the multitude of counselors there is wisdom." They have permanently established associations and institutes in nearly every county in the State, not merely as experiments, but as a means of improvement, the efficacy of which has been proved to a demonstration, to every member who has a desire to improve in his calling. The history of the last four years is replete with evidence to prove the importance of these conferences; during the previous period our Common School system seemed to be pervaded by a general apathy, its pulsations were so feeble that it seemed to be almost devoid of life—but suddenly a new spring of action began to vibrate—the different parts, composing the working machinery of the system, which had so long been either lying dormant, or acting without a seemingly fixed purpose, were supplied with a *Acad* to direct their energies and system their action. Faithful and energetic teachers throughout the State, rallied round the county superintendents as their standard bearers, and were at their instigation brought to act in an associated capacity; and thus have made greater advances in the march of progress since the passage of the law of eighteen hundred and fifty-four, than had been made during the whole period of the existence of our public school system previous to that time. But I am, as it were, only anticipating my subject; I must endeavor to be more practical and consider the subject in reference to the wants of our own county, and here the following interrogatories present themselves. Have all or even a fair majority of the teachers of Franklin, a thorough knowledge of the branches enumerated in the law? Are they fully competent to teach what they do know? Are they skilled in the art of communicating so as to be able to illustrate and impart their ideas in a manner level to the comprehension of their pupils? Have they acquired the ability to govern, to establish and carry out the regulations and arrangements necessary to the conducting of a good school? Have they acquired that standing in morals and general character, that the successful teacher must possess? Are they possessed with the spirit and energy that should characterize the true teacher? Are those, who are competent to the task and faithful in the discharge of their duties, properly remunerated for their services? Are they furnished with the accommodations and conveniences necessary to accomplish the task of teaching in a most efficient manner? And having inquired into the state of the profession, what can we do to improve it? Can we keep within the limits of our own county, or should we extend our views to other parts of the State? Can we do more than to improve the education of our own children, or should we endeavor to improve the education of the children of other counties? Can we do more than to improve the education of our own children, or should we endeavor to improve the education of the children of other counties? Can we do more than to improve the education of our own children, or should we endeavor to improve the education of the children of other counties?

DISGUSTED WITH THEIR COMPANY.

Robert H. Kerr, Esq., the Harrisburg correspondent of the Pittsburg Post, who was a member of the Forney Convention of the 13th inst., was the only man who had the moral courage to dissent from the treason perpetrated by the parasites who composed that memorable gathering. This gentleman has always been a Democrat from principle, and has supported the men and measures of the Democratic party for thirty years, with a zeal, devotion and efficiency that fairly entitles him to the name of a Democrat. Believing that the men who composed the gathering on the 13th inst., assembled at the Capital merely for the purpose of paying an empty compliment to His Excellency, Wm. F. Packer, and that the meeting contemplated nothing beyond that, he was induced to give it his countenance. But when he heard the speech of John Hickman, in which that worthy took occasion to denounce, with a venom and bitterness of vituperation that would do credit to the most relentless enemy of the Democratic party, and finding that the object of Hickman, Forney, Packer, Knox, & "et id omne genus," was to array themselves against the organization of the Democratic party, and to throw themselves, body and breeches, into the arms of the Black Republicans, Mr. Kerr could stand it no longer, but at once jumped to his feet and commenced to denounce both the traitors and the traitors. But this was too much for them. Benton was specially called to order by Forney himself, who, it is said by those who stood near him, trembled in his boots when Kerr got the floor, because he knew that the gentleman would expose the traitor camp in a style that would be neither pleasant nor flattering. The President of the Convention declared him out of order; and thus gagged the mouth of the only individual who had the manliness to denounce the disorganizers to their teeth. But Mr. Kerr accomplished his object at least, and that was to cut loose from the parasites, and to show his contempt for both the men and the movement. Mr. Kerr told them he would support the candidates nominated by the legally constituted Convention of the 16th of March; whilst the parasites, by their resolutions, solemnly resolved they would not. Who can doubt for a moment now, that the object of this Mass Meeting was not to disorganize the party, and to declare war to the knife against its organization and its candidates? The man who can doubt after this unequivocal and shameless audacity, would not believe "though one rose from the dead" and proclaimed it on the house top.

ACCUSATION AGAINST THE PRESIDENT.

The Baltimore Exchange seems bent on proving the truth of the adage that "one rogues is worse than ten Turks." Ever since it is gratified to the black republican faction it has been teeming with bitter abuse of the President and other members of the democratic party. Its issues of Monday contain a leader which is noticed above on account of its monstrous malignity and enormity of assault. Without selling our paper by quoting its statements we avail ourselves of the occasion it furnishes to give the public (not the Exchange) a few words of plain talk. 1. The President never did, on any occasion since he has been in office, say a word or do an act which was calculated or intended to control or influence, directly or indirectly, the giving out of any contract by the head of any department, except to say that it must and should be done according to law and agreeably to the best judgment of the proper officer in the way most calculated to promote the public service. To this assertion we defy contradiction. 2. The appointment of Dr. Hunter as agent of the Navy Department for the purchase of coal, was made upon the strongest recommendations, and in the way and upon the terms which had been sanctioned by the previous practice of the department and the existing law. The commissions allowed him were such as were perfectly fair, as well as usual, and it has not even been asserted that they are too high. But the agent employed sub agents and divided the commissions. This affected the government in no one way or another. The service was performed and the proper legal compensation was paid. 3. The charge that the President had anything to do with the contract of Mr. Swift for live oak timber is absurdly and extravagantly false. Still more preposterous is the allegation that Mr. Phil's connection with that or other contracts of Mr. Swift was in anywise known to or brought about by the President. He knew nothing of that connection until long after it had ceased to exist. 4. The Patterson letter (written by a gentleman of as high character as any in the Union) was ascertained by the President's private secretary to concern a subject relating to the Navy Department, and was referred to the head of that department, as a matter of course. But the President never expressed or intimated a desire that the contract therein referred to should be given to any particular person. He left the whole matter where the law had put it, and where he had entire confidence that it would be properly and justly attended to.—Union

THE WASHINGTON UNION.

It is seldom that an editor of a newspaper enters upon the discharge of his duties under circumstances so favorable and flattering as those which surround Gen. Bowman in assuming the control of the Washington Union. The Democratic press from all quarters of the country, East, West, North and South, come to us with notices of the most friendly and complimentary character, exhibiting the fact that Gen. Bowman enjoys a reputation for honesty, and consistency which eminently fit him for the responsible trust in which he will soon engage. Gen. Bowman is well known to the people. For twenty five years he conducted the Bedford (Pa.) Gazette—a paper which always commanded the confidence and respect of the party—and, during that long period, he ranked among the ablest and best political speakers in the Old Keystone State, always creating great enthusiasm wherever he spoke. When David R. Porter was Governor of Pennsylvania, he nominated Gen. B. Major General of the 12th Division Pennsylvania Volunteers. Subsequently, Gen. Shunk selected him as his Adjutant General, and all remember his efficiency in the organization of the two Pennsylvania regiments for the Mexican war, which was applauded by the press and people of all parties; and, when the Legislature of his State offered to vote him a handsome sum for his extraordinary services, he patriotically declined to accept, alleging that he considered the salary affixed to his office, as in full of all his services. Still subsequently, Gov. Bigler, the present Senator from that State, also appointed him Adjutant General—and, during that period, a corrupt proposition was made to the General by an officer under the General Government, in reference to drawing arms, &c. which he immediately communicated to the President, and had the proposed contract nullified and dismissed the service. In December, 1857, the President of the United States voluntarily, and from his own personal knowledge of the man, appointed him to the highly important trust of Superintendent of Public Printing, in which capacity he has rendered a valuable service to the Government.

THE WASHINGTON UNION.

Since writing the above, we received the following communication from Mr. Kerr.—Harrisburg Union. To the Editors of the Patriot and Union: GENTLEMEN:—The published proceedings in your paper does me injustice. The temporary Chairman I consider honest enough to select officers, but in no instance, or in no way, have I ever acted or sanctioned opposition to the regularly nominated candidates. I regard it the duty of all Democrats to support the nominees of the Mass Convention. I was willing last November to support Mr. McKim's nomination, but I was not satisfied that I could not act with the destructive spirits who met to spit out their venom on the President. The address and resolutions are of such a nature that I could not assent. Had the nature of Mr. McKim's nomination been out of order, at the bidding of Mr. Forney, I would have shown that their aim was the destruction of the party. Men who are drifting into the vortex of our enemies cannot teach us lessons. There was nothing left for me to do but to vote against their proceedings and withdraw my name from their Convention. Democrats, who have not been disappointed, will act with their usual integrity by sustaining the ticket of the regular Convention. I will here remark that I am under no personal obligations to President Buchanan or General Forney. I have sustained them because the Democracy placed them in power—disregarding party matters from interested sources. Truly &c. STAZ HOUER, April 14th. R. H. KERR.

THE GROUP—HOW TO PREVENT IT.

A correspondent of the N. Y. Mirror, a medical practitioner, in an article on this subject says: "The precocious symptom of group is a shrill, nervous cough. The patient is not sick—has no fever as often in a common cold—is lively, perhaps even gay than usual; his hands are cool, his face fresh, possibly a shade paler than usual. The solitary symptom may last for a few days with no material increase or abatement, and without attracting any notice; suddenly, however, the disease bursts forth in all its full fury, and too often terminates in ravages, un-checked to the dreadful consummation. The remedies for this symptom of group are simple and in most cases perfectly efficient. They are: 1. A liberal supply of a strip of linted bandage, to be applied to the chest, to be changed every day, and to be kept in place for a week or two. 2. A liberal supply of a strip of linted bandage, to be applied to the chest, to be changed every day, and to be kept in place for a week or two. 3. 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YOUTH'S DEPARTMENT

THE HEAVENLY BOWING.
Baptist Church.
See the great scene in me,
God for strength!

Sweet divine,
Quit not this hump a field
Till thou hast received
But thou by day and night
In darkness and in light!

Sweet divine,
Let not this barren clay
Lead thee to barren way;
Let not my treatment
Provoke a curse and blame;

MARRIAGE PRAYER.
Let's Harry had been folded into his
warm shawl. "And now, Harry," said he
in their seriously, "my dear Harry," to be
surprised the child replied, "Harry," he
said, "who has taken care of you to day?"

NATHAN'S FIRST DOLLAR.
Nathan was an active, industrious boy,
and took care of a gentleman's horse, that
he gave him a silver dollar. What did he do
with this dollar? He did not buy any shoes,

CHRIST.
He is a Path, if any are misled;
He is a Robe, if any are naked;
If any are hungry, he is Bread;
If any are cold, he is a Warm Blanket;

THE CHINESE are very fond of reading.
Scrap from eastern are put up everywhere
upon public and private buildings, upon shops
and temples.

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upon public and private buildings, upon shops
and temples.

WATCHES & JEWELRY

WATCHES AND JEWELRY—RE-
NOVAL.
George C. Allen,
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NOVAL.

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READY-MADE CLOTHING

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MUSICAL

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AGRICULTURAL

FRUIT AND VEGETABLE SEEDS.
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VALLEY SPIRIT

Chambersburg, April 20, 1888.

COUNTY NEWS

Court Week.—The trial before Court last week was generally of a very unimportant character. Negro fights and petty assault and battery cases, made up the bulk of the business. The Judge said "where you get the money, you get the law."

Mayor.—Next Sunday will be Easter. It may afford some interest to the curious in such matters to know that this festival last fell on the 24th of April, in 1791, and will not fall on the same date again till 2011.

Odd Fellows' Celebration.—The Odd Fellows' celebration and festival, in this place, on Tuesday next, will, we predict, be a superb affair.

Agricultural Society.—We believe we have an organized Agricultural Society in this county, but we cannot learn that any measures are being adopted to make it more than an organization in name.

Sudden Death.—On Wednesday last this community was startled by the melancholy intelligence that Mr. Robert Cunningham was found dead in his store.

Increase of Taxation.—An act was passed during the late session of our Legislature and signed by the Governor, and is now a law, authorizing the Town Council of the Borough of Chambersburg to increase the rate of taxation.

Incorporated.—On Monday last an application was made before Court to grant a Charter of Incorporation to the "Protection Hook and Ladder Company of the Borough of Chambersburg."

Admitted.—During the session of Court, on Thursday last, on motion of Hon. Wilson Reilly, Messrs. Thomas Orr, Wm. Kennedy, David W. Chambers, J. A. S. Mitchell, were admitted to practice law in the several courts of this county.

State Committee.—Among the gentlemen selected to constitute the Democratic State Committee for 1888, we are gratified to observe the names of our constituents, Messrs. How, Wilson Reilly, to represent the counties of Franklin, Fulton and Adams.

Tomato Rot.—The Grand Jury, at the present term of Court, reported the billings created on "Tomato Rot" by Nicholas Uglow, to be a public nuisance.

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LOCAL NEWS

The Fry Divorce Case.—The Marriagable correspondent of the Philadelphia Daily Press gives the following account of the great trial of the Fry Divorce Bill.

On Tuesday evening, John Grigg and his daughter, Mrs. H. Fry, made their appearance here, for the first grand effort to pass the Divorce Bill. Mr. Grigg brought his clerk with him to no doubt, as the senator, not desiring probably, to trust any more of the members of the Third House since one of that distinguished body, it is said, has left for parts unknown with the small little sum of \$15,000 in his pocket.

We would call attention to the advertisement, in another column, of Messrs. G. & F. Hill, of Springfield, Mass., gentlemen who have long been known as extensive subscription Book publishers, selling their publications exclusively through agents, prestrating every corner of our country with their useful and popular Books, and doing a work that could in no other way be accomplished so well.

Sudden Death.—On Wednesday last this community was startled by the melancholy intelligence that Mr. Robert Cunningham was found dead in his store. It appears that several days he complained of bad health, and attributed it to indigestion of food, and a cold of the heart; he had, however, been attending to business as usual and was seen engaged at his desk but a few moments before being discovered by his wife.

Increase of Taxation.—An act was passed during the late session of our Legislature and signed by the Governor, and is now a law, authorizing the Town Council of the Borough of Chambersburg to increase the rate of taxation. There may be a necessity for an act of this kind, but we think the people, who pay the tax, and not the Town Council, should be the petitioners for the law.

Incorporated.—On Monday last an application was made before Court to grant a Charter of Incorporation to the "Protection Hook and Ladder Company of the Borough of Chambersburg." There being no objection filed against the application, the Court granted the charter, and declared the company invested with all the rights, powers and privileges of a corporation body.

Admitted.—During the session of Court, on Thursday last, on motion of Hon. Wilson Reilly, Messrs. Thomas Orr, Wm. Kennedy, David W. Chambers, J. A. S. Mitchell, were admitted to practice law in the several courts of this county. These young gentlemen passed a very creditable examination and evinced a thorough knowledge of the profession, upon which they have entered, with bright prospects of success and usefulness.

State Committee.—Among the gentlemen selected to constitute the Democratic State Committee for 1888, we are gratified to observe the names of our constituents, Messrs. How, Wilson Reilly, to represent the counties of Franklin, Fulton and Adams. Mr. Reilly is second upon all questions of principle and organization, and will make an active and efficient member of the Committee.

Tomato Rot.—The Grand Jury, at the present term of Court, reported the billings created on "Tomato Rot" by Nicholas Uglow, to be a public nuisance. The matter was given over to the hands of the Prosecuting Attorney, who will "put it through" in the satisfaction of Court, jury, and the "rust of mankind."

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COURT PROCEEDINGS—April Term, 1888.

Commonwealth vs. Peter Steiner, colored.—Barrister of the Peace, on oath R. Parker, col. Do indicted on account of pay costs of prosecution. Clerk and Reilly and Sharp for Commonwealth and Robinson and Carville for defendant.

Commonwealth vs. Sam'l Little, col'd.—Barrister of the Peace, on oath of Charles Taylor, col'd. Defendant returned to pay costs of prosecution. Clerk and Reilly and Sharp for Commonwealth and Robinson and Carville for defendant.

Commonwealth vs. David Ramsey, colored.—Lorray—Defendant pleaded guilty to carrying away 11 barrels of Cloverseed from the clover mill of Benjamin Chambers, near this place. Sentence to pay one month's costs of prosecution and undergo an imprisonment of one year in the Penitentiary. Reilly and Sharp for Commonwealth and Robinson and Carville for defendant.

Commonwealth vs. Henry Minnich—Charged with receiving stolen goods. Plead not guilty; Verdict, not guilty, and prosecutor, David Ramsey, to pay costs of prosecution. Clerk and Reilly and Sharp for Commonwealth; Nill and Kennedy and Robinson and Carville for defendants.

Commonwealth vs. Shearer Houser—Barrister of the Peace. Defendant returned to pay costs of prosecution. Clerk for Commonwealth; and Reilly and Sharp and Douglas for defendant.

Commonwealth vs. Andrew Smith—Assault and Battery. Bill ignored and Mary Blane, col'd. sentenced to pay costs of prosecution. Clerk for Commonwealth; Rowe and Orr for defendant.

Commonwealth vs. Catharine Barnes, col'd.—Assault and Battery. Not a true bill and the prosecutor, Richard Parker, col'd, to pay costs of prosecution. Clerk for Commonwealth.

Commonwealth vs. George Nave—Forgery. Continued until next term. Defendant entered recognizance in the sum of \$100 for his appearance at next term to answer. Clerk for Commonwealth; Reilly and Sharp and Rowe and Orr for defendants.

Commonwealth vs. John Thomas—Forgery. Continued until next term. Clerk for Commonwealth; and McCauley for defendant.

Commonwealth vs. Andrew Jones, col'd.—Assault and Battery on oath of James Cook. A true bill. Verdict, not guilty. Robinson and Carville with Clerk for Commonwealth; and Nill and Kennedy for defendant.

A Good Idea.—It is the intention, we understand, in future, to devote our entire term of Court for the special purpose of trying the fifty cases among the colored population of our county. This will afford them the opportunity to be heard on many cases in all among the Court and also to avoid our petty Court sessions with a crowd of drunken, worthless characters, who are contented the looking by poking their heads out of the windows, standing idly on every pole and a rear, and spouting abuse upon the passers by.

Too Friends.—It is thought by many of our country friends that the severe frost on Saturday evening last, has proved fatal to the Peach crop. This would be a sad indeed, if true. We should do our best to do a crop should fall again this year? It would be almost as bad as the failure of the Potato crop in Ireland. But it is to be hoped that the report may prove untrue, and it is also to be hoped that every body who may want Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, or anything in that line, will go to Spangler's, for we can assure you that he can give them bargains and will do it. Go and see him.

Mr. Estroff.—Much has been said during the past winter in regard to relieving and putting into running order the long neglected road to the Railroad. Scarcely a number of our constituents and worthy citizens have appeared but what contained an article on short notes in regard to it, either for meeting of the citizens, or stockholders, or from agents for materials for its reconstruction. This is as it should be; and too much praise cannot be bestowed upon the citizens of Greensboro and vicinity, and the north and south western portions of the county for the indefatigable zeal and commendable liberality displayed by them. The road has been sold, and the subject of refitting it several times agitated; but has as often failed. At present, it is to be hoped that we shall soon have as a "readily" The road evidently must and will be a decided advantage to the citizens residing between Chambersburg and Hagerstown. We wish them a hearty success, and to the present stockholders a profitable investment.

The design of this communication is to call the attention of the present owners of the said road to the deep rut where their road crosses the public road leading from Chambersburg to Waynesboro. It is not self evident to even a casual observer, (for it takes a eagle eye to discern it) that, from the F. R. R. this point is fraught with imminent danger to the traveler who uses the "Iron Horse" is put on the track. There is a vast amount of travel done on this road second to no similar road in the County. It is the only highway leading from the southern part of our County, so densely populated as the Townships of Washington, Quincey, &c. to our County seat—the place for the shipment of their produce for the Eastern markets. Now we do think, in all candor, that the F. R. R. at this point should be bridged. All persons in the least acquainted with said place, do admit that a bridge at this point is of indispensable necessity. The cut is so deep, that persons coming from Chambersburg are unable to see a train of Cars coming in, and persons coming towards Chambersburg are unable to see a train of Cars coming out. And so stop that when once in the rut with a heavy horse, or Carriage, escape is utterly impossible. The cut is entirely deep, (14 or 16 feet from where the original bed of the Waynesboro Road crossed the hill) and is to be high enough to enable a line of a first class Locomotive to pass through.

Then the people crossing would be up 14 or 16 feet instead of in a narrow cut, only 10 or 12 feet wide, and on the track.

The track of the matter is it should have been attended to in Jasper R. Brady's time, when Robert Yates was the original contractor for the construction of this part of the road, and when stockholders were as plenty as the leaves of Autumn. At that time it would have cost the original Company but a mere trifle, before digging the deep narrow ravine through which the people are now compelled to travel.

Much has been done by high authority to prevent railroad catastrophes. We would merely, through the medium of your paper, suggest to the present owners of the F. R. R. to examine this point—give as a bridge and thereby protect the traveling public; from meeting with a terrible Railroad accident, and, as your first duty, save the destruction of human life. This seems to be an imperative duty.

NEW FRANKLIN, April 20, 1888.

Do NOT FANCY YOURSELF SICK. The general health of the human body can usually be decided on by the patient himself. It is not every little trifling that needs medicine. But there are occasions that require immediate attention on account of the dangerous results which ensue from them; among these are coughs and colds and the various pulmonary tracts that attend over exerting climate. For these maladies an unobtainable remedy will be found in Kayser's Peppermint Syrup. Sold in bottles at 50 cents and \$1 each, at Wilson's, and Miller's.

Post Office Inspectors.—We were informed by Mr. Gayer, our Post Master at this place, that some months ago, a letter was mailed by a postman to his father's father-in-law, containing a considerable amount of money. The letter was forwarded, but when it reached its destination it was ascertained that the person to whom it was directed was dead. The letter was returned to the Department at Washington and from there sent to Greensboro by the regular express. The money was all on one note and so on the way in which it was first mailed, after having traveled across the ocean twice. Anonymous News.

A Good Idea.—It is the intention, we understand, in future, to devote our entire term of Court for the special purpose of trying the fifty cases among the colored population of our county. This will afford them the opportunity to be heard on many cases in all among the Court and also to avoid our petty Court sessions with a crowd of drunken, worthless characters, who are contented the looking by poking their heads out of the windows, standing idly on every pole and a rear, and spouting abuse upon the passers by.

MARKETS.

Table with 4 columns: Commodity, Price, and other market data.

BALTIMORE MARKETS. BALTIMORE, April 16th. FLOUR.—The market for flour in the market here was quiet and steady.

Wheat.—The market for wheat was quiet and steady. The price of No. 1 Red was \$1.15 per bushel.

Wool.—The market for wool was quiet and steady. The price of No. 1 was \$1.50 per pound.

Hay.—The market for hay was quiet and steady. The price of No. 1 was \$1.25 per ton.

Grain.—The market for grain was quiet and steady. The price of No. 1 was \$1.10 per bushel.

Stocks.—The market for stocks was quiet and steady. The price of No. 1 was \$1.10 per share.

Commodities.—The market for commodities was quiet and steady. The price of No. 1 was \$1.10 per bushel.

Markets.—The market for markets was quiet and steady. The price of No. 1 was \$1.10 per bushel.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPRING STYLE OF HATS AND BOOTS.—The latest styles of hats and boots are now on hand and ready for sale.

DOCK ACTION!—Notice is hereby given that the dock action is now in progress.

NOTICE.—An order for the sale of the property of the estate of the late John Doe.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Notice is hereby given that the public sale of real estate is now in progress.

WANTED.—An experienced housekeeper for a family of four persons.

ROBES'S SUPERPHOSPHATE.—This is the best fertilizer for crops and is now on hand.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO CASH BUYERS.—We have a large stock of goods on hand and are offering them at great discounts.

HOUSEKEEPERS.—We have a large stock of household goods on hand and are offering them at great discounts.

CHINA, GLASS, AND COMMON WARE.—We have a large stock of china, glass, and common ware on hand.

TYDALL & NICHOLL.—We have a large stock of goods on hand and are offering them at great discounts.

INSURANCE COMPANIES... THE AMERICAN... THE PHOENIX...

DRUGS, ETC. SPANGLER'S HAIR RESTORATIVE... KISS ME QUICKLY...

PROFESSIONAL CARDS. C. M. DENNIS & WIFE... L. W. McCAULEY, Attorney at Law...

MEDICAL. HENNING'S GENUINE PREPARATION... THE GREATEST MEDICAL DISCOVERY...

MEDICAL. SMOULDERING KIDNEY EVIL... DR. W. W. WILSON...

MISCELLANEOUS. HOW TO GET THE TIME TO BUY... PLOWS, CORN SHELLERS...

LEADS ON WESTERN

Written by Bruce Marshall, about the year 1850... In this case, of course, the leader leads...

RETROSPECTION... Turn to the west, look back on the life...

BE CONTENT... Mistaken, mistle ever forming, a sapping, grinding, getting...

WHEN WINDS ABOUT THY DUST... When winds about thy dust all scatter, where goes thy gold...

STANZAS... Sweet is the dawning day, lovely the summer morn...

THE EYE WITH RAPTURE... The eye with rapture turns to the blue of orion's hair...

TO REMEMBER... Tell me, ye angels, how, in the morning of the world...

WESTERN RAILROADS

CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN RAILROAD... CHICAGO & GREAT LAKES RAILROAD... CHICAGO & MILWAUKEE RAILROAD...

SPRING ARRANGEMENT... CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN RAILROAD... CHICAGO & GREAT LAKES RAILROAD...

DUNSBURG, FORT WAYNE AND... CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN RAILROAD... CHICAGO & GREAT LAKES RAILROAD...

WESTERN TRAVELERS... CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN RAILROAD... CHICAGO & GREAT LAKES RAILROAD...

NEW ALBANY AND SALEM RAILROAD... CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN RAILROAD... CHICAGO & GREAT LAKES RAILROAD...

DUNSBURG, CINCINNATI, LOUIS... CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN RAILROAD... CHICAGO & GREAT LAKES RAILROAD...

TO REMEMBER... Tell me, ye angels, how, in the morning of the world...

MEDICAL

LIVER INVIGORATOR... THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY... THE TRUTH MUST BE TOLD...

THE TRUTH MUST BE TOLD... THE TRUTH MUST BE TOLD... THE TRUTH MUST BE TOLD...

THE TRUTH MUST BE TOLD... THE TRUTH MUST BE TOLD... THE TRUTH MUST BE TOLD...

THE TRUTH MUST BE TOLD... THE TRUTH MUST BE TOLD... THE TRUTH MUST BE TOLD...

THE TRUTH MUST BE TOLD... THE TRUTH MUST BE TOLD... THE TRUTH MUST BE TOLD...

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THE TRUTH MUST BE TOLD... THE TRUTH MUST BE TOLD... THE TRUTH MUST BE TOLD...

MECHANICAL

MACHINE SHOP... CORNET WARE AND CHAIR MANUFACTURING... TURNING, PLANING AND SAWING...

CORNET WARE AND CHAIR MANUFACTURING... CORNET WARE AND CHAIR MANUFACTURING...

TURNING, PLANING AND SAWING... TURNING, PLANING AND SAWING...

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA... HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA...

SLATE! SLATE! SLATE!... SLATE! SLATE! SLATE!...

NOTICE TO COAL CONSUMERS... NOTICE TO COAL CONSUMERS...

WE THE UNDERSIGNED... WE THE UNDERSIGNED...

NO. 115

LEAHY QUEEN HOTEL... ST. CHARLES HOTEL... ALLEGHENY HOUSE... ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL... EAGLE HOTEL...

FRANKLIN HOTEL... FRANKLIN HOTEL... FRANKLIN HOTEL...

FRANKLIN HOTEL... FRANKLIN HOTEL... FRANKLIN HOTEL...

WESTERN HOTEL... WESTERN HOTEL... WESTERN HOTEL...

THE BRITISH REVIEWS AND GREAT IMPROVEMENTS TO SUBSCRIBERS... THE BRITISH REVIEWS AND GREAT IMPROVEMENTS TO SUBSCRIBERS...

THE BRITISH REVIEWS AND GREAT IMPROVEMENTS TO SUBSCRIBERS... THE BRITISH REVIEWS AND GREAT IMPROVEMENTS TO SUBSCRIBERS...

THE BRITISH REVIEWS AND GREAT IMPROVEMENTS TO SUBSCRIBERS... THE BRITISH REVIEWS AND GREAT IMPROVEMENTS TO SUBSCRIBERS...

EDUCATIONAL

St. Charles College... POSEDALE FEMALE SEMINARY... CRITTENDEN'S PHILADELPHIA COMMERCIAL COLLEGE...

CRITTENDEN'S PHILADELPHIA COMMERCIAL COLLEGE... CRITTENDEN'S PHILADELPHIA COMMERCIAL COLLEGE...

CRITTENDEN'S PHILADELPHIA COMMERCIAL COLLEGE... CRITTENDEN'S PHILADELPHIA COMMERCIAL COLLEGE...

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